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AND
Bloomsburg Democrat.
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CHARLES B. BROCKWAY,
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JOB PRINTING
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Sheriff--AARON SMITH.
Surveyor--ISAAC DEWITT.
Treasurer--WILLIAM LAMON.
Commissioners--CYRUS ROBBINS, HIRAM J. REDNER, WILLIAM SHAFFNER.
Commissioners' Clerk--WILLIAM KRICKBAUM.
Auditors--D. J. CAMPBELL, DANIEL LEE, CHARLES CONNER.
Coroner--CHARLES G. MURPHY.
Jury Commissioners--ISAAC MCBRIDE, JOHN MCANALL.
County Superintendent--CHARLES G. BARKLEY

Rivers Poor District--Directors, S. H. MILLER WILLIAM KRAMER, Bloomsburg, and JOHNSON HESLER, Greenwood, CHARLES CONNER, Sec'y.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

Bloomsburg Banking Co.--JOHN A. FUNSTON President, H. H. GROVE, Cashier.
First National Bank--CHAS. R. PAXTON, Pres't, J. P. TUSTIN, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association--E. H. LITTLE, Pres't., C. W. MILLER, Sec'y.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association--WM. PEACOCK, Pres't., J. R. ROBINSON, Sec.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association--J. J. BROWER President, C. G. BARKLEY, Sec'y.

Church Directory.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Minister--Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sabbath Services--10½ A. M.; 7½ P. M.
Sabbath School--9 A. M.
Prayer Meeting--Wednesday, 7½ P. M.
Seats free; no pews rented; strangers welcome.

Bloomsburg Directory.

PAPER BAGS just received and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

CLOTHING, &c.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor, Main st., above American House.

M. MORRIS, Merchant Tailor, over Rosenstock's confectionery, opposite Cadmans furniture warerooms.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

F. P. LUTZ, Druggist and Apothecary, Main st., below the Post Office.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &c.

G. E. SAVAGE, dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the American House.

LOUIS BERNHARD, Watch and Clock maker near southeast corner Main and Iron sts.

R. CATHCART, Watch and Clock Maker, Market street, below Main.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

E. M. KNORR, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, latest and best styles, corner Main and Market streets, in the old Post Office.

HENRY KLEIM, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Groceries, etc., Main street, East Bloomsburg.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. H. C. HOWER, Surgeon Dentist, Main st., above the Court House.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office over the First National Bank.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law, Office, 2d door in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange Hotel."

J. B. MCKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, northside Main st., below Market.

J. C. RUTTER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician Market street, above Main.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office Hartman's building, Main street.

DR. B. F. KINNEY, Surgeon Dentist.--Teeth extracted without pain: Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, south side Main street, below Market.

DR. A. L. TURNER, Physician and Surgeon, office over Klein's Drug Store, residence one door below Rev. D. J. Waller.

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

E. PETERMAN, Millinery and Fancy Goods, opposite Episcopal Church, Main st.

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY, Milliner, Ramsey building Main street.

MISS M. DERRICKSON, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below Market.

MISS JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, Ladies' Cloaks and Dress Patterns, southeast corner Main and West sts.

THE MISSES HARMAN Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below American House.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

FORKS HOTEL, by T. Bent, Taylor, east end of Main street.

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

C. C. MARR, Dry Goods and Notions, southwest corner Main and Iron sts.

FOX & WEBB, Confectionery and Bakery, wholesale and retail, Exchange Block.

H. C. HOWER, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Main st., above Court House.

J. H. MAIZE, Mammoth Grocery, fine Groceries, Fruits, Nuts, Provision, &c., Main and Centre Streets.

MCKELVY, NEAL & CO., dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Salt, Fish, Iron, Nails, &c., N. E. cor. Main and Market sts.

S. H. MILLER & SON, dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Flour, Salt, Shoes, Notions, etc., Main st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. M. CHRISTMAN, Saddle, Trunk & Harness-maker, Shive's Block Main Street.

W. ROBBINS, Honor dealer in second door from southwest corner Main and Iron sts.

J. THORNTON, Wall Paper, Window Shades and Fixtures, Rupert Block, Main st.

C. W. CORELL, Furniture Rooms, three story brick, Main Street, west of Market st.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Robbins & Eyer's Store, Main st.

J. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Chemlein's alley, rear of American House.

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg Berwick road.

WM. RABB, dealer in furniture, trunks, cedar willow ware, near the Forks Hotel.

E. B. BIDLEMAN, Agent for Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod.

C. FOSTER, Glue Maker, and White and Fancy Tanner, Scottown.

NOTE BOOKS, and blank NOTES, with or without exemption, for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

Catawissa.

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St., Robbins' Building.

DR. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician Second St., below Main.

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street

J. B. KISTLER, "Cattawissa House," North Corner Main and Second Streets.

L. KEILER, Billard Saloon, Oysters, and Ice Cream in season Main St.

M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise Dry Goods, Groceries &c.

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick Hotel, S. Kostenbader Proprietor, south-east corner Main and Second Street.

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney at law, Main St.

Light Street.

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above School House.

JOHN A. OMAN, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes.

R. S. ENT, dealer in Stoves and Tin ware in all its branches.

PETER ENT, Miller, and dealer in all kinds of Grain, Flour, Feed, &c. All kinds of Grain purchased.

Espy.

T. W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Manufacturing.

Buck Horn.

M. & G. W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in dry goods, groceries and general merchandise

Orangeville Directory.

D. B. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main st., below Pine.

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment Saloon, by Bohr M'Henry cor. of Main and Pine st.

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, Physician and Surgeon Main st., next door to Good's Hotel.

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill Street.

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker and Undertaker, Main St., below Pine.

SCHUYLER & CO., Iron founders, Machinists and Manufacturers of plows, Mill St.

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Hayhurst Grain Cradle, Main St.

WILLIAM DELONG Shoemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Mill St., west of Pine

Philadelphia Directory.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERIES,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES
RICE, SPICES, BI CARB SODA, &c., &c.
Orders will receive prompt attention.
may 10,'67-tf.

HARVEY B. WALKER,
WITH
MEAR, SCHROPP & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE,
No. 103 NORTH SECOND ST.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Original assorted packages of Queensware constantly on hand. feb2772-tf.

Business Cards.

E. H. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court-House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office, Bloomsburg Pa.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE--Court House Alley, in the COLUMBIAN building. [Jan4,'67.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office. Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. Bloomsburg Pa. sep.20'67

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE above Hower's Store, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

ROBERT F. CLARK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Main Street below the Court House. Bloomsburg Penn'a.

B. FRANK ZARR
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office with J. G. Freeze, Brower's Block.
Can be consulted in German or English. mch2972-tf

NEW STOVE AND TIN SHOP.
ISAIAH HAGENBUCH,
Main Street one door above E. Mendenhall's Store.
A large assortment of Stoves, Heaters and Ranges constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest rates.
Tinning in all its branches carefully attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Tin work of all kinds wholesale and retail. A trial is requested.
Jan 1'71

BLOOMSBURG
MARBLE WORKS.
MAIN STREET, BELOW MARKET,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Monuments, Tombs, Headstones, &c. Work neatly executed. Orders by mail will receive special attention. N. E. Work delivered free of charge. T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor.
oct13'71-tf. P. O. Box 297.

BARGAINS--BARGAINS.
QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS.
SAVE YOUR MONEY.
Go to
HENRY YOST,
East Bloomsburg, Pa., for all kinds of the best home and city made
FURNITURE.
Prices reasonable and the best work done.
jan 1'71--tf

VULCAN WORKS,
DANVILLE PA.
WILLIAM H. LAW,
Manufacturer of Wrought Iron Bridges, Boilers, Gasholders, Fireproof Buildings, Wrought Iron Roofing, Roofing Frames, Flooring and Doors, Farm Gates and fencing, also Wrought iron piping, Stacks and all kinds of Smith Work, &c. Repairs promptly attended to.
N. B. Drawings and Estimates supplied.
oct27'71-1y.

BERNHARD STOHNER
Would inform his friends and the public that he has taken possession of
THE OLD STAND,
in the Exchange Block, so long occupied by him and will carry on the business of a
FIRST-CLASS BAKERY,
He brings to the business an experience of many years and assures the community that he will furnish the best of bread, cakes, rolls, biscuit, &c. fresh every day. He proposes also to keep on hand a large and well assorted stock of
FINE CONFECTIONERY,
of all grades. French candies and those of domestic manufacture, always to be had, wholesale and retail at lowest rates. Adjoining the Bakery and Confectionery is a well established
RESTAURANT,
where may be found Ale and Lager, and Refreshments, Oysters in season and the various little delicacies which suit the public taste. There is also a
FINE ICE CREAM SALOON,
over the confectionery store, where ladies and gentlemen can obtain the best of Ice Cream in season.
A fair share of the public custom is requested and no pains will be spared to ensure satisfaction. april 26,'72-tf

NEW DRUG STORE.
CHRIS. A. KLEIM
Having purchased the business of E. P. Lutz now offers at the old stand, a choice assortment of
DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES,
FANCY SOAPS,
BRUSHES, &c., &c.
And a general assortment of the choicest goods usually found in first class establishments.
Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes Carefully Compounded.
On Sundays, open from 8 a. m., to 10 a. m., and from 2 p. m., to 4 p. m.
GERMAN AND ENGLISH SPOKEN.
feb 9'72-tf

Miscellaneous.

DENTISTRY.
H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,
Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN TEETH which will be inserted on gold plating silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.
Residence and office a few doors above the Court House, same side.
Bloomsburg, Jan.1'71--ly

THE GREAT MAGICAL
HAIR FORCER!
Will force a beautiful set of Whiskers or Mustache, in from two to three months, on any person over twelve years old. It is one of the best preparations to make the whiskers grow that ever was known. One bottle of it is sufficient to produce a very strong beard. It does not in any way stain or injure the skin. Try it! It is no humbug. Price 35 cents per bottle. Sent by mail post paid, to any address, on receipt of price. Address WILLIAM C. WAGNER,
Arcadiaville,
aug.1 71-1y. Adams County, Penna

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Wyoming	$211,000
Aetna	4,000,000
Fulton N. Y.	400,000
North America	900,000
City	450,000
International N.Y.	1,400,000
Niagara N. Y.	1,000,00
Merchants	300,000
Springfield	570,000
Farmers' Danville, N.Y.	500,000
Albany City	400,000
Danville, Horse Theft	Mutual,
Atlantic, N. Y.	1,000,000
Germania, N. Y.	500,000

FREAS BROWN, *Agent*,
mar24'71--ly. BLOOMSBURG Pa.

HINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE
THE SIMPLEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST IN USE! HAS BUT ONE NEEDLE! A CHILD CAN RUN IT!
Designed especially for the use of families, and adies who desire to knit for the market. Will do every stitch of the knitting in a stocking, widening and narrowing as readily as by hand. Are splendid for worsteds and fancy work. KNITS FIVE DIFFERENT KINDS OF STITCH! Are very easy to manage, and not liable to get out of order. Every Family should have one.
We want an Agent in every town to introduce and sell them, to whom we offer the most liberal inducements. Send for our Circular and Sample Stocking. Address,
HINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE CO.,
nov. 10,'71-ly. Bath, Me.

H. C. HOWER,
has opened a first-class
BOOT, SHOE, HAT CAP, AND FUR STORE
at the old stand on Main Street, Bloomsburg, a few doors above the Court House. His stock is composed of the very latest and best styles ever offered to the citizens of Columbia County. He can accommodate the public with the following goods at the lowest rates. Men's heavy double soled stogs boots, men's double and single tap soled kip boots, men's heavy stogs shoes of all kinds, men's fine boots and shoes of all grades, boy's double soled boots and shoes of all kinds, men's Grove kid Balmoral shoes, men's, women's, boys' and misses' lasting gaiters, women's glove kid Polish very fine, women's morocco balmorals and calf shoes, women's very fine kid buttoned gaiters. In short boots of all descriptions both pegged and sewed.
He would also call attention to his fine assortment of
HATS, CAPS, FURS AND NOTIONS,
which comprises all the new and popular varieties at prices which cannot fail to suit all. These goods are offered at the lowest cash rates and will be guaranteed to give satisfaction. A call is solicited before purchasing elsewhere as it is believed that better bargains are to be found than at any other place in the county.
jan 1'71

THE ORANGEVILLE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
MANUFACTURERS OF
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS
of the most Approved Patterns.
Mill Gearing,
Jobbing,
and Castings
of all descriptions.
DEALERS IN
General Merchandise, Lumber, &c., &c.
ORANGEVILLE, PA.
We would announce to the public in general that we have taken the well known Agricultural Works of this place and shall make it our aim to manufacture First Class Agricultural Implements equal to any other makers in the State, such as
Threshing Machines,
Both Lever and Tread Power,
Plows of every Description,
among which will be the celebrated
KNOB MOUNTAIN HERO,
acknowledged by all to be the best plow extant for the farmer. Also the
Champion, Sterns' Patent and The Montrose.
ALSO, DOUBLE CORN PLOWS,
Cultivators,
Iron Kettles,
and Castings
of every description. We shall use none but the best materials and employ none but competent and experienced mechanics and our prices will compare favorably with any other manufacturers.
Country Produce, Lumber, Old Iron, taken in exchange. We also have a store in connection with our Agricultural Works, where may be found a full assortment of MERCHANDISE which will be sold at small profits. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere and we guarantee satisfaction.
march22'72-1y.

Hotels.

THE ESPY HOTEL.
ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
The undersigned would inform the travelling public that he has taken the above named establishment and thoroughly refitted the same for the perfect convenience of his guests. His larder will be stocked with the best the market affords. The choicest liquors, wines and cigars always to be found in his bar.
WILLIAM PETTIT,
Espy, Pa.

E. J. THORNTON
would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity, that he has just received a full and complete assortment of
WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,
FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,
and all other goods in his line of business. All approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment.
mar.5,'69-tf Main St. below Market.

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES
DOWN IN PRICE
J. H. MAIZE'S,
Corner Main and Centre Sts.,
BLOOMSBURG.
A new stock of Fresh Goods just opened at MAIZE'S.
Teas, Coffees, Sugars,
SYRUPS and MOLASSES, CHEESE, MEATS, SALT, FISH, etc.
VEGETABLES, HERMETICALLY Sealed Goods,
JELLIES and PRESERVES, PICKLES,
FOREIGN and DOMESTIC FRUITS.
An Elegant Assortment
OF
QUEENSWARE
Constantly on hand.
Also WOOD, WILLOW and GLASSWARE of every variety.
All my goods are of the first quality and at extremely low prices.
dec6 71-tf J. H. MAIZE.

Poetical.

The Conscience and Future Judgement.

I sat alone with my conscience,
In a place where time had ceased,
And we talked of my former living
In a land where the years increased.

And I felt I should have to answer
The question it put to me,
And to face the answer and question
Throughout an eternity.

The ghosts of forgotten actions
Came floating before my sight,
And things that I thought were dead things
Were alive with a terrible might.

And the vision of all my past life
Was an awful thing to face,--
Alone with my conscience sitting
In that solemnly silent place.

And I thought of a far-away warning
Of a sorrow that was to be mine,
In a land that then was the future,
But now is the present time.

And I thought of my former thinking
Of the Judgment-day to be,
But sitting alone with my conscience
Seemed Judgment enough for me.

And I wondered if there was a future
To this land beyond the grave;
But no one gave me an answer,
And no one came to save.

Then I felt that the future was present,
And the present would never go by,
For it was but the thought of my past life
Grown into eternity.

Then I woke from my timely dreaming,
And the vision passed away,
And I knew the far-away warning
Was a warning of yesterday,--

And I pray that I may not forget it,
In this land before the grave,
That I may not cry in the future,
And no one come to save.

And so I have learnt a lesson,
Which I ought to have known before,
And which, though I learnt it dreaming,
I hope to forget no more.

So I sit alone with my conscience
In the place where the years increase,
And I try to remember the future
In the land where time will cease:

And I know of the future Judgment,
How dreadful soe'r it be,
THAT TO SIT ALONE WITH MY CONSCIENCE
WILL BE JUDGMENT ENOUGH FOR ME!
--*London Spectator.*

Miscellaneous.

A BOY'S DEFENCE.

The scene was in Sacramento street, in front of a well-known hotel. It was twenty-two years ago, and San Francisco was in her infancy.

Quite a crowd had gathered on the street, and the centre of attraction was a big fellow, who stood with a newspaper in his hand raving and cursing.

"What's the matter, Wolf?" asked a newcomer, who was evidently familiar with the irate man.

"Matter?" returned Wolf, for that was his name, "matter enough, an' rough enough it'll be for some folks. Them young whelps that prints this paper has gone an' published somethin' 'bout me. O, I'll fix 'em! They'd better go an' kill themselves after ten minutes; it'll be an easier death for em."

Wolf was a noted desperado, who, it was said, had killed more than twenty men, and but few knew him who did not fear him. He was at that time chief of a gang of loafers and gamblers that were nearly aways to be found lounging in the vicinity alluded to, and disturbing the peace of the whole neighborhood daily with riotous conduct. If there was any law in those days it was seldom executed against such characters, and in the full consciousness that they were feared they did pretty much as they pleased.

The newspaper which had given deadly offence to Wolfe was a little weekly journal, and its office was in the second story of a building on the same street with the hotel I have mentioned, and only a few rods distant. It was published by two young men--or, I might say, boys, for they were only eighteen and twenty years old, respectively--named Darrell and Kaynes. The paper and its youthful proprietors were already well known in the city of San Francisco.

The article that had excited the wrath of the ruffian Wolf was a bold denunciation of himself and his crowd for their lawless conduct, and it particularly mentioned him by name, characterizing him as a "blustering bully." It was the work of young Darrell, a fearless boy hailing from Ohio. Before leaving his home he had acquired a fair education, so that he could at least edit a newspaper in those early days; and he possessed, besides, that courage and daring, which may be natural in the first place, which are more thoroughly developed by exposure to dangers and hardships. Young Kaynes was quite a different kind of person in point of courage, being of an unusually timorous nature.

To return to the scene on Sacramento street. Working himself up into his very worst mood--and his best was bad enough Heaven knows--Wolf tore the paper to atoms and started for the publication office. He was followed by a curious rabble, most of whom were elated with the prospect of a murder, though there were some present who would have remonstrated with the evil-hearted man, had they dared.

"Jest you watch," said Wolf, as he reached the door, "if ye want to see the'r bloody carcasses tumble out o' the winder! It won't belong. I don't spend much time on sich fellers." It was the intention of the cruel-hearted man actually to cut the throats of the two boyish journalists and throw their bodies out of the window, for the gratification of the crowd and the further exaltation of his already fearful name. So, the mob on the street awaited the issue with feverish expectation, as Wolf, flourishing his knife and revolver, entered the rude frame building and rushed up stairs.

All unconscious of their danger, the two young editors were busily pursuing their usual work in their primitive office. If they had heard the noise without they had paid no attention to it, supposing it was merely a street row such as they were accustomed to hearing every day. Darrell was sitting at a rude table writing, and Kaynes was at the counter arranging some papers for the mail.

They heard the clatter of heavy boots on the stairs, but supposed it was some rough miner coming up to subscribe for the paper, or, perhaps, to see a lawyer who occupied a couple of rooms on the same floor; for the building was a two-story one, and the second floor was occupied exclusively by them and an attorney--their rooms being separated from his by a narrow hall-way that was reached by the flight of stairs alluded to.

"Ah-ha! I've got ye, my young imps!" exclaimed the desperado, bursting in.

Kaynes recognized him and turned pale. Being at the counter, which faced the door and extended across the room, he was naturally the first mark for Wolf's vengeance.

"Ye young devils!" he his sed, scowling like a madman, "Ye'll never write nor print nothin' more 'bout me!" Here he flourished his knife and revolver about his head. "I've got a sure thing on both of ye!" Saying this he looked about him, with a careful scrunity, to see that there was no means of escape for the quiet youth at the table, who of course, would not dare to jump over the counter and try to pass him, but would cower down in a corner and take his turn at being killed; then he reached across the counter and seized Kaynes by the hair, which was, unfortunately, very long.

Coiling the terrified young man's locks around the great coarse fingers of the left hand, Wolf laid his revolver upon the counter without the slightest apprehension that his youthful adversary would snatch it up and use it on him as he might have done had he possessed the nerve; then flourished his big gleaming knife, deliberately, with pure devilishness prolonging Kaynes' terror and pain.

"Now say yer prayers, d——n yer," he hissed, "you've got a couple o' seconds or so left--jest while I'm clippin' yer ears off. "I'll take 'em first, clean and smooth; then I'll cut yer throat an' throw yer out o' the winder. D'ye hear that?"

Such was Wolf's reliance upon the terror his name everywhere inspired that he never dreamed of resistance. He simply intended to butcher the two young men, and such a thing as an obstacle to his will was not to be thought of. Had Darrell possessed no more nerve than Kaynes there can be no doubt they would both have been murdered then and there, in exact accordance with Wolf's programme.

"Time!" he said, grinding his teeth in an ecstacy of rage, and drawing Kaynes' white face closer to his own repulsive countenance. "They're a waitin' to see your carcass drap down into the street." Here he flourished his knife and selected his mark. "The right ear first. *Watch how clean and smooth* I'll take it off. I won't even touch a hair."

Kaynes bawled for mercy. "O--O don't!" the poor fellow shrieked, trembling with terror. "Oh don't, Mr. Wolf, I didn't write that, upon my soul!" and he whined like a school boy.

"None o' yer lyin!" said Wolf, ferociously, "Ye both wrote it,'d——n ye; and ye'll both pay for it." Here he executed decided circles with his flashing knife, having apparently prolonged the torture as much as he desired. "Here goes; look out when I count three!" The knife was ready to descend. "One--two--"

He stopped and started. He had not observed the movements of Darrell during the last few seconds, and just as he was upon the point of clipping off Kaynes' ear in the polished manner he had descanted upon, he found the muzzle of a rifle thrust almost into his face.

It was a loaded rifle which, luckily, a friend of Darrell's had left in his keeping that very morning, while he went out to make some purchases. It had stood in a corner of the room near his table, and Darrell has seized it, cocked it and leveled it with such dexterity that he had Wolf covered before he had observed his moments; and he stood motionless as a statue--his cool eye glancing over the sights, and a steady finger on the trigger.

"You great bully," he said, "drop that knife instantly. Mind, I come from a country where they shoot squirrels only through the eye. I can hit any hair of your head that you will mention at a hundred yards. Drop that knife!"

The ruffian was fairly paralyzed. He released his grip on poor Kaynes', who sank fainting upon the floor, and his murderous knife fell on the counter. So unexpected was this bold attitude of Darrell that Wolf was more startled than he would have been if a dozen of the roughest men in California had assailed him.

There stood the boyish editor motionless as the wall, and muzzle of the rifle did not move the breadth of hair. Darrell held the desperado's life in his hands.

"You cowardly bully!" he repeated contemptously. "Don't you dare to move; I can send a bullet through your eye-ball without touching the white. Don't move an eighth of an inch or I'll do it, and throw your filthy carcass out of the window."

Wolf glanced at his revolver, lying upon the counter within two feet of his eyes, but he did not venture to reach for it.

"Dare to touch that revolver, or so much as look at it again," said Darrell, "and I'll make a red picture upon the wall there behind you. You blustering, bragging knave! you are a coward at heart--a despicable cur! You came up here to murder two boys, because you thought it would be an easy task, and now you are pale and trembling with fear. I would kill you in your tracks, but that I don't want your dirty blood on my hands. Go now. Turn instantly. Leave your knife and revolver where they are. I'll keep them. Go down to your friends on the street and tell them that a boy whipped you--disarmed you, and kicked you down stairs." Do as I tell you. If you hesitate you will never see the sun set."

Wolf, trembling from head to foot, glanced once more at his revolver, but did not dare raise his hand. His face was pale and his lips were dry.

"Do you hear me? demand Darrell, sternly.

"Yes, yes, don't shoot," said Wolf, turning about, as commanded. He was thoroughly cowed.

"Do not turn your ugly face this way again," said Darrell, "or you will pay for it with your life. Move!"

Tamer than a whipped cur, the ruffian walked toward the door, and Darrell, springing over the counter, was at his heels in an instant.

"Don't look back, or I'll kill you."

Meekly obeying the imperative orders of the youth, Wolf moved slowly out of the room into the corridor.

"Be careful; don't--don't let the gun go off," Wolf stammered as he reached the head of the stairs.

At this moment the clamors of the impatient crowd below arose with terrible distinctness, and one shrill voice was heard to say.

"Hurry up, Wolf, why don't you throw them fellers out?"

Exasperated beyond measure, he was on the point of turning back, at the risk of his life; for after all his braggadocio how could he face those below, disarmed and chased out of the building by one of the puny boys he had intended so terribly to chastise? But Darrell was after him, and with one vigorous kick sent him bounding down the wooden stairs, with a thundering clatter, and rolling over the doorsill, the defeated bully actually tumbled out upon the street before he could really recover his equilibrium.

"Hello! how's this? What's up?" asked a dozen voices at once, as the dreaded man reappeared in this undignified shape, without having sent any corpses down from the window.

"Why, I simply kicked him down stairs--that's the matter," responded the boyish voice of Darrell at the top; "and if he comes up here again I won't let him off so easy. Do not be afraid of him; I took all his weapons from him."

Wolf struggled to his feet, rubbing his head, and presenting such a ludicrous appearance that he was greeted with loud jeers and bursts of laughter. So completely had he tumbled from his lofty eminence in the eyes of those who either admired or feared a bold murderer, that they who an hour ago would have dreaded to offend him by a word or look, now regarded him only with contempt--laughed at and derided him.

Never before had the rough crowd seen a man with an established reputation like Mr. Wolf thus suddenly fall to such a depth of degradation. All his name, fame, prestige, melted away like a mist, and he was no longer feared--no longer respected by the low thieves and cut-throats around him--only despised. Yes, despised by the meanest *of creatures, whom he had oftentimes* bullied as though they had been hounds.

The dread which had surrounded his name seemed to vanish like a mist. "Licked by a boy!" "Kicked down stairs." "Got his barkers took from him!" were the murmurs of the crowd. At length a voice boldly taunted him with "Where's your knife?" and another proposed "Three cheers for the boy that licked him."

Looking very little and pusillanimous, he slunk away toward Montgomery Street.

Such was Wolf's mortification, when he came fully to realize what a pitiable figure he had cut, that he left San Francisco and was seen in her streets no more. The fatality which had apparently thus far shielded and assisted him in his murderous deeds suddenly deserted him.

He was destined never to commit another murder, but was himself shot dead in Sacramento within but three weeks after the events narrated.

I no not know what became of Kaynes, or whether he is still alive; but I know that Darrell, the brave boy whose coolness and courage saved them both, is today a gentleman of position, residing in a flourishing city of Nevada.

Clerical Anecdotes.

In the south of New Jersey, some years ago, there traveled over some of the hardest counties, a good, faithful hard working brother, named James Moore, as he was familiarly called. He was devoted to the itinerancy. A true loyal Methodist, plain, pointed, and sharp in all his preaching and exhortations.

After he had been laboring a year in one of his new fields, he gave his people who dearly loved him, his farewell sermon.

At its close he said: 'My dear brethren, this is my last address to you. I'm going from you and you may never hear the voice of James Moore again.'

'Amen!' came loudly from the seat before him.

He looked at the man with a little surprise but thinking it was a mistake went on.

'My days on earth will soon be numbered. I am an old man, and you may not only never hear the voice of James Moore, but never see his face again.'

'Amen!' was shouted from the same seat, more vigorously than before.

There was no mistaking the design now. The preacher looked at the man--he knew him to be a hard grinding man--stingy and merciless to the poor.

He continued his address--'May the Lord bless all those of you who have done your duty, who have honored Him with your substance, those who have been kind to the poor, and--'

Pausing and looking the intruder straight in the eye, and pointing to him with his finger.

'May his curse rest on those who have cheated the Lord and ground the poor under their heels. Say amen to that, brother!'

The shot told. He was not interrupted again.

In a Pennsylvania town there was an excellent but eccentric clergyman named Ross. He was about taking a collection for some especial object, and had pleaded warmly in its behalf. 'My brethren,' he said, 'I want you all to give liberally to night--none of your pennies or five-cent pieces, but let every one give a quarter, and to set you a good example, I will give the first myself,' dropping a twenty-five cent piece in the basket.

After the collection was taken, he lifted up the basket, looked them over carefully, and then remarked: 'I see that my quarter is the only one here; so I shall take it back again,' which he did, and put it in his pocket with evident disgust at their meanness.

A quaint Scotch minister was given somewhat to exaggerating in the pulpit. His clerk reminded him of it and its ill-effects upon the congregation. He replied that he was not aware of it, and wished the clerk the next time he did it to give a cough by way of a hint.

Soon afterward he was describing Samson's tying the foxes' tails together. He said, 'The foxes in those days were much larger than ours and they had tails twenty fut long.'

'Ahem!' came from the clerk's desk.

'That is,' continued the preacher, 'according to their measurement, but by ours they were fifteen fut long.'

'Ahem!' louder than before.

'But as you may think this extravagant, we'll just say they were ten fut?'

'Ahem! ahem!' still more vigorous.

The parson leaned over the pulpit and shaking his finger at the clerk said: 'You may cough there all the nicht long, mon, I'll nae tak off a fut more. Would ye ha, the foxes wid nae teels at a'?'--*Christian Weekly.*

How Joe Lost His Bet.

An old fellow named Joe Poole, very eccentric and an incorrigible stutterer, was a constant lounger at the tavern in Waterfield, Me.

One day a traveler from a distant part of the State, arrived at the tavern and was met by an old acquaintance, a resident of the town. After some conversation on different topics, the traveler was addressed as follows:

'By the way, Brown, look out for old Joe Poole to-night. You will know him quick enough by his stuttering. He will be sure to come around, and offer to bet that you've not got a whole shirt to your back. If you take him up, you will surely lose by a trick he's got. He invariably offers to lay this wager and always wins.'

'Very well,' said the traveler, "I will not let him get ahead of me. Much obliged for the caution.'

The evening arrived, and a large crowd was collected in the bar room. Our friends were there, and old Joe Poole was present and in his element.

'I tell you wh-what. You are nicely dressed, but I'll bet you ten dollars, you haven't got a whole sh-shirt to your back.'

'I'll take the bet,' said the stranger. 'Put the money in the landlord's hands.'

This being done, the traveler pulled off his coat and was about following suit with his vest, when old Joe cried out--

'Ho-ho-hold on! You've lost! Ha-half your shirt is fr-front, and the other half is on your ba-back!'

There was a roar of laughter, but the new-comer did not mind it, but pulled off his vest too, and quietly turning his back to Joe displayed to his astonished gaze a shirt neatly folded and placed underneath his suspenders.

Of course the laugh was turned upon Poole, who acknowledged that he had lost the wager. He never offered that bet again.

THE most faithful lover who has a name and being, outside of trashy novels, lives in Danbury. The parents of the young lady are opposed to the companionship, but it don't make him proud. Sometimes the old gentleman reaches him with his boot before he can get over the fence, but the young man doesn't lay up ill feelings on account of that; he only smiles on the despoiler of his pants when he meets him, and calls it "heaping coals of fire on his head." Saturday evening he thought he would get up a surprise for the old chap. He put a paving stone in each of his coat-tail pockets, and started for the fence as usual. The old gentleman let out for him with increased enthusiasm, and caught him--caught him good. Then he laid down on the grass and said: "I die by the hand of an assassin." But the young man passed on without a word, and smiled the most heavenly smile of forgiveness ever seen on that street.

STOP THE INTEREST.--Daniel Webster once dined with an old Boston merchant, and when they came to the wine, dusty old bottle was carefully decanted by Peter and passed to the host. Taking the bottle he poured out Mr. Webster's glass and handed it to him. Then pouring another for himself he held it up to the light, and said. "How do you like it, Mr. Webster?" "I think it is a fine specimen of old Port." "Now you can't guess what that cost me," said the host. "Surely not," said Mr. Webster, "I only know that it is excellent." "Well, now, I can tell you, for I made a careful estim

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, August 9, 1872.

Our Victory in North Carolina.

North Carolina being the first State to vote since the nomination of Greeley at Baltimore, the Administration party were nervously anxious to carry it. No effort was spared. Negro and white orators overran the State, even Secretaries Boutwell and Delano, and Wilson, the candidate for Vice President, giving a portion of their time. Money was used without stint, and the population being poor, it undoubtedly had a great effect. At least $223,000 was taken from the public treasury at one time and placed in Marshal Carrow's hands for distribution.

The grossest intimidation was practiced. Over 2,000 indictments for Ku Kluxism were held over the heads of voters, with the promise of release in case the threatened parties would vote for Grant. The revenue officers also thought it their duty to threaten to make arrests for alleged violation of law in case the voter would not vote for their master. As many as 500 arrests were made in one County before the election for the purpose of intimidation.

Besides all this "colonizing" the importation of colored voters from South Carolina and Virginia was practiced on an extensive scale, and in counties where the negroes had a large majority, it was impossible to prevent these illegal votes from being cast. In some Counties along the border the vote was several hundred beyond that registered.

In addition to all this, the State Government is in the hands of the Radicals, and as usual among carpet bag governments, in order to perpetuate power the Governor appoints *all* the election officers. Of course he appoints his own tools—men who manipulate returns to suit the necessities of the case, and this is the reason for the constant reduction of the Democratic majority, as first reported, and why returns have been held back over a week.

Knowing all these facts we did not expect to carry the State, and our opponents claimed it by at least 10,000 majority. Yet we have gained a glorious victory. We have certainly carried five of the eight Congressmen—and secured both branches of the Legislature by a large majority, and in consequence will gain a U. S. Senator. If we have not carried the Governor, the vote is so close that victory will be assured in November for Greeley and Brown. The victory is all the greater because won under the disadvantages mentioned. Grant carried the State by over 12,000 majority, and last year we were beaten by over 9,000 majority. Our friends everywhere should fell encouraged, *and go to work.*

Bounties to Soldiers.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE LYCOMING STANDARD:—Sir: The article you send me, cut from the Pittsburg *Commercial*, is a remarkable specimen of mendacity, concocted upon the pretense of reciting my record in Congress.

I take the first item, given in the article, for illustration:

"December 22, 1863.—On an amendment to the Deficiency Appropriation Bill, "that no bounties except such as are now provided by law shall be paid to any person enlisting after the fifth day of January next," Mr. Buckalew voted nay."

Upon this the *Commercial* says: "He voted against paying bounties to volunteers. He would have deprived the soldier of all bounties because he hated the cause for which they fought, and wanted to discourage the enlistment of volunteers."

In fact the bill in question was for an appropriation of twenty million of dollars "for the payment of bounties and advance pay" to soldiers, and I was for it heartily and voted for its passage. The record shows that I was present and that the bill passed unanimously. The amendment mentioned above, against which I voted, was an amendment to *reduce* bounties, or to prevent the military authorities from paying more than $100 bounty for each soldier after 5th of January, 1864, whereas they were then paying $300 under the President's proclamation of 17th October, 1863. The President had called for three hundred thousand men and had promised this larger bounty to all who should come into the service before the 5th of January following, except veterans re-enlisting, who were to receive $400. The amendment was simply to prevent the President from paying, or engaging to pay, under any circumstances, more than $100 in future. I was opposed to this amendment and voted against it, considering it to be unwise, unjust and impracticable—unwise because it would discourage the filling of the army and limit the President's discretion in case of emergency; unjust because it would fix different rates of compensation for soldiers of equal merit and serving for equal terms, and wholly impracticable because neither the spirit of the country nor the manhood of the soldier would sanction it. I may add that it was *not* maintained afterwards, for the larger bounties were voted and paid. For instance, the Joint Resolution of January 16, 1864, provided, that the larger bounties should continue to be paid from the 5th of January to the 1st of March of that year, and by subsequent legislation the ground taken by me in my vote of 22d of December, was fully assumed and endorsed by Congress

This false imputation which I have exposed is no more gross and unjust than many others in the article sent me, but I have taken it because it stands first in order among them and constitutes a fit representative of the whole.

C. R. BUCKALEW.

Aug. 7, 1872.

Note.—See Congressional Globe, 1st Session, 38th Cong. 76-80, 57-68; *App. to same*, 263.

During the long life of Mr. Greeley in New York, he has belonged to no rings, and entered into no combinations to defraud the city or the nation, or to run stocks or gold up or down. He has neither made or lost money in this way. Whatever property he has, has been accumulated by a life of great toil as a journalist. If elected, he will appoint no relatives to office, and accept no presents from office seekers or office holders. Presents of cigars, brandies, dogs, horses, carriages, horses, or money, will not be received as they now are. He will restore the good old days of honesty, purity, and a regard for the constitution and laws which characterized the administration of former presidents.

Twaddle.

Mr. James G. Blaine, Speaker of the House of Representatives, has written a letter to Hon. Charles Sumner in reply to the recently published address of the latter to the colored people. Mr. Blaine's effort, which some of the Grant papers call "an answer," was evidently constructed rather as an electioneering document to be read on the stump by demagogues, than as a logical and deliberative letter for the convincing of Mr. Sumner and men of like mental calibre. It seems impossible for any Administration politician in his public utterances to abstain from twaddle regarding what they please to call "the rebels;" a term applied with the strictest impartiality to every class of men living south of Mason & Dixon's line who do not support Grant. Mr. Speaker Blaine is no exception to the rule and his letter to Mr. Sumner contains neither more nor less than the speeches of the average Grant stump speakers or the columns of the officially edited Grant newspapers. In speaking of the Brooks assault on Mr. Sumner in 1856 Mr. Blaine says: "It is safe to say that every man in the south who rejoiced over the attempt to murder you was afterward found in the rebel conspiracy to murder the nation. It is still safer to say that every one of them who survives to-day is your fellow laborer with Horace Greeley. * * * * In all the startling mutations of American politics nothing so marvellous has ever occurred as the fellowship of Robert Toombs, Jefferson Davis and Charles Sumner in a joint effort to drive the Republican party from power and hand over the Government to the practical control of those who so recently sought to destroy it." Now we submit that that sort of thing is the veriest bosh and nonsense. It is to be expected from second rate orators stumping a State for money or hope of office but that a man of Mr. Blaine's position, if nothing else, should put such words in writing in a grave, carefully prepared paper, to be submitted to a person of such attainments as Charles Sumner, is at once ridiculous and pitiable. Does Mr. Blaine expect any one sensible man in these United States to believe that Mr. Sumner, or Mr. Greeley and the thousands of eminent men who support him, are traitors plotting the destruction of the nation and ready to "hand over the Government to the practical control of those who so recently sought to destroy it?" If so, Mr. Blaine has been so grievously warped mentally by his political associations as to have lost all power of appreciating fairly his countrymen. Thank Heaven, the people of this country have lost faith in loyalty-shrieking patriots and day by day their influence fades and wanes. The strong common sense of the masses is clearing away the mists of misunderstanding which demagogues like Mr. Speaker Blaine have spent years in creating. It is monstrous, however, that there should be such effrontery in a public man, as that displayed by Mr. Blaine in even constructively asserting that the Union is in danger from the election of a man who was a Republican, a good one, and, what is yet more rare, an honest one before Mr. Blaine was politically weaned, and that Charles Sumner is aiding him in turning over the negroes to their life long enemies. What insufferable rot! There must be many of Mr. Blaine's constituents who receive these charges very dubiously in view of the fact that Gen. N. P. Banks of Massachusetts, a Republican of good standing and who has the advantage of Mr. Blaine in that he is a Statesmen and a soldier, has enrolled himself under the Greeley banner. If such documents as this are to constitute the weapons of the campaign, the Administration is poorly armed indeed. Mr. Blaine will undoubtedly find his epistolary endeavor about as successfully convincing among the people at large as were the recent oratorical efforts of Senator Wilson and Secretaries Boutwell and Delano to the voters in North Carolina before the late election.

The subject is perhaps too contemptible for serious refutation but the official standing of Mr. Blaine would seem to make the necessity of mention. However, Mr. Sumner at the earnest solicitation of friends in Maine and Massachusetts, has replied at length to Mr. Blaine, and, as was to have been expected, has completely and utterly discomfited the bumptious Speaker whose zeal as displayed in this uncalled for letter of his, plainly overran his discretion. When, if ever, Mr. Blaine awakens to the fact that some at least of the issues of ten years since are very dead and that the disturbing of them causes an intolerable stench in the nostrils of honest and patriotic men, he will have taken a great step forward from the unenviable stand point which he has at present chosen for himself and will meet the approbation of a better class of citizens than those which hailed with demonstrative pleasure his letter to Mr. Sumner.

To the Front, Tariff Men!

During his whole life Horace Greeley has been the champion of a protective tariff, nor has he changed his views on that point. His opponent, Gen. Grant, on the contrary has no decided views, on that or any other question. His first cabinet appointment, however, was that of A. T. Stewart, a noted free trader who aided to give him houses and lands.

We desire now, more especially, to commend to Messrs, Paxton, McKelvy, Neal, and other iron men, that portion of Gen. Dix's letter giving his reasons for supporting Grant and opposing Greeley.

Third. Because he has been the advocate (and in this instance persistently) of that most unjust and unequal commercial system which is destroying our mercantile and shipping interests, and heaping up enormous accumulations of wealth in the hands of the protected classes, to the oppression and impoverishment of all others.

Bryant, Atkinson, and other noted free traders are opposing Greeley for the same reason, and his tariff opinions were the main obstacles to his nomination at Cincinnati. In this canvass we desire to see if the tariff men repudiate their main apostle.

The Baptist *Watchman* says of Greeley that "all parties unite in admitting his integrity, fearless advocacy of human rights, law and order, and his deep-seated desire to do good at all."

The Kennebec (Me.) *Journal*, an excessively loyal Journal, says;

It would be better for the country to have Grant for President, *though drunk every day*, than to have Greeley President, though *sober*.

Greeley Opinion of Carpet-Baggers.

About a year ago Mr. GREELEY made a tour of the south. On his return he made a speech at the Lincoln club room in New York, in which (as we find on referring to the newspaper report in the next morning's journals) he used the following just, rough and characteristic words:

"I allude," said he, "to what are known as the thieving carpet-baggers! (Applause.) The thieving carpet-baggers are a mournful fact; they do exist there, and I have seen them. They are fellows who crawled down south in the track of our armies, generally at a very safe distance in the rear; some of them on sutlers' wagons, some bearing cotton permits, some of them looking sharply to see what might turn up, and they remained there. They at once ingratiated themselves with the blacks, simple, credulous, ignorant men, very glad to welcome and to follow any whites who professed to be the champions of their rights. Some of them got elected senators, others representatives, some sheriffs, some judges, and so on. And there they stand, right in the public eye, stealing and plundering, many of them with both arms around negroes, and their hands in their rear pockets, seeing if they cannot pick a paltry dollar out of them; and the public looks at them, does not regard them as honest northern men, but calls every carpet-bagger a thief, which is not the truth by a good deal. But these fellows—many of them long-faced, and with eyes rolled up, are greatly concerned for the education of the blacks, and the salvation of their souls. [Great laughter.] 'Let us pray,' they say; but they spell pray with an 'e,' and, thus spelled, they obey the apostolic injunction to 'pray without ceasing.' * * They got into the legislatures; they went to issuing state bonds; they pretended to use them in railroads and other improvements. But the improvements were not made, and the bonds stuck in the issuers' pockets. That is the pity of it. * * What the southern people see of us are these thieves, who represent the north to their jaundiced vision, and, representing it, they disgrace it. They are the greatest obstacle to the triumph and permanent ascendancy of republican principles at the south, and as such I denounce them." [Applause.]

GRATZ BROWN, himself a Southerner, both by birth and life-long residence, and an eye-witness of the abuses which he denounces, corroborates Mr. GREELEY'S testimony against the carpet baggers as follows:

"At the south," says Mr. Brown, "the spirit of dominion has been the synonym of federal authority in the shaping of all local organizations, open control of large bodies of dependents, interference to sustain worthless officials and ruthless violations of the rights of persons. There the substance of entire sections has been plundered, debts mortgaging generations of labor contracted, taxes levied to the point of confiscation—all done under agencies upheld by the national government."

A Healing Hero.

The Harrisburg *Patriot* thus gratuitously advertises a quack medicine firm of that city, and we republish the advertisement also free of charge:

A firm in Harrisburg, calling themselves "Burroughs & Co.," advertise a quack medicine which cures every disease known to the medical faculty. It disposes of consumption in three days, cancer yields to its magic power in twenty-four hours, and a common cold vanishes in five minutes after the first dose. The "Co." of the firm of Burroughs & Co., (inventors of "Nature's Assistant," as they call this last, best gift to man,) is General Harrison Allen, the Republican candidate for auditor genera. IBurroughs mixes the molasses and water (which are the chief of the potent ingredients) and Allen writes the certificates of cures. To-day this versatile warrior is an old lady in Pittsburg, newly cured of a cancer by the *Assistant*, and tomorrow he indites and subscribes an affidavit, dated "Wolf Creek, Oregon," recording the superiority of Burroughs' balm over capsules or any other form of balsam in cases of disease brought on by close application. It is estimated that Allen, who invents all the certificates and affidavits, has been cured of over one hundred different complaints, under a hundred different names in a hundred different places since last November. He adds a fresh testimonial every day or two, he and Burroughs divide the profits monthly, and they are, of course, silent about the ingredients of their nauseousness. Hence Allen is throughly trained in "Addition, Division and Silence," and is the very man to fill Hartranft's place. What a pity it is that this physicing and purging hero hadn't got hold of the "assistant" during his military career! Perhaps it might have helped him to hold his legs steady in one fight if no more, or repaired his health sufficiently to enable him to get away from home long enough to become acquainted with his men. But the blessed Burroughs had not then found out his secret and no "yarb" then known to the pharmacopoeia was potent enough to hold a coward to his place. Allen's "nature" flopped without the "assistant" and the only portion of his person that the rebels saw was that which will never touch the Auditor General's chair.

The Holcombe Report.

The report of Professor Holcombe one of the so-called Confederate Peace Commissioners, dated November 16, 1864, which has been given to the press from the rebel archives recently purchased, contains but little information not already known, and is devoted mainly to an explanation and defence of the commissioners in their proceedings. But one statement in this report invites to the statement of an additional fact, of which we happen to have knowledge.

Holcombe speaks in his report of interviews he had at Niagara Falls with Governor Hunt, of New York, and a number of other gentlemen, including Judge Black and Mr. Buckalew, of Pennsylvania, but does not state the fact that Judge Black's communication with him, with which Mr. Buckalew was casually connected, was upon the express request of Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War, and with a full understanding between him and Mr. Stanton with reference to its objects. This was the truth, the Judge writing to Mr. Stanton the results of his visit immediately after it took place. His communication to Mr. Stanton can doubtless be found among the records of the War Department, unless retained by the latter among his confidential papers. —*Press.*

HARTRANFT is a better mathematician than soldier. He, assisted by Kemble and Evans, figured the state out of over $2,000,000 in less than three years. Addition, division and silence—Evans, Kemble and Hartranft—the "rule of three" that did the business for us.

A Gentle Reminder.

Charles Buckalew Snyder of Wilkes Barre, local reporter for the Scranton *Republican*, is the announced proprietor of the *Independent*, one half of which is printed in Berwick. The *Independent* is for Grant, Hartranft, Evans, Dr. Allen, *et al.* Of course the proprietor has a right to make his journal a partisan sheet and to "pitch in" to his distinguished name-sake to his heart's content, nor do we know of any act of assembly that compels him to tell the truth about candidates or political matters, or to observe the Ninth Commandment. We are induced to make these remarks, because of the remarkably original article in the last week's issue relative to Senator Buckalew's recent speech at Mahanoy City.

Having accompanied Senator Buckalew on the trip alluded to we desire to state that the article is true except that he did *not* address a parade of miners and laborers, having reached there after it was over; he did *not* suggest three cheers for Greeley and Brown; nor was he followed by any one who proposed three cheers for Grant and Wilson.

Senator Buckalew stopped at Mahanoy City for dinner on his way to Shenandoah City, and was serenaded by the Ashland band. He made a brief response, in which he did not allude to Grant or Greeley, to Hartranft or himself. His remarks were well received by men of both parties.

THE PRESS is the leading Republican paper in this State and warmly espouses the cause of Grant and Wilson. Here is what it says about the Republican candidate for Governor;

AUDITOR GENERAL HARTRANFT is a member of the State-treasury Ring, and has speculated very largely and made quite a fortune. That he had several business transactions with Yerkes that cannot strictly be called legitimate, the latter has sworn to. That he wrote the following letter to that gentleman, none of his friends or organs have denied:

AUDITOR GENERAL'S OFFICE,
HARRISBURG, December 21, 1872.

DEAR YERKES: Calhoun telegraphed me today for money, and I had to give a check for $2,700, which he will present to you to morrow (22d). I cannot send this. I met Mackey here on Monday. He went West in the afternoon, and will not return until Monday. I did not like to ask him again, but I did not think Calhoun would want any money so soon. I will see you on Saturday, and whatever you want done I will do. I will meet Mackey here on Monday, and whatever is necessary I will ask him to do. Yours, most truly,

J. F. HARTRANFT.

P. S.—Will lift Calhoun's check on Saturday and give you certificate of deposit in that amount. J. F. H.

Yet General Hartranft, according to the Ring journals, never had any connection with Yerkes. The last named is a convicted felon, and his solemn oath that he has at various times purchased and sold stocks and carried the same "*with money of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania*" which Hartranft had caused to be deposited with him by the State Treasurer, ought not to be received!

GEN. JOHN A. DIX has declared himself in favor of the re-election of Grant and opposed to Horace Greeley among other reasons "Because he is associated in relations more or less intimate with some of the chief plunderers of the city of New York." It is perfectly well known that Mr. Greeley is bitterly opposed to Tom Murphy, Leet and the Administration ring generally, who comprise the whole number of "chief plunderers of New York," and *that this assertion of Gen.* Dix is utterly without foundation. The truth is most probably that the old man has never forgiven Horace Greeley for defeating him for office some years ago. Dix has a way of finding himself on the winning side and will doubtless turn up a Greeley man after the election. Our only wish regarding the old fellow is that he may stay where he is, for he possesses all the requirements of a first-class Republican. Jov be with hi m.

HON. F. M. BIRD, of Massachusetts, in a speech a few weeks ago, declared that one of the lackeys of Grant, connected with the press, said to him in Washington, last winter: "Grant is just the same man to-day that he was before the war, when he lived near Galena; the same man surrounded by the same set of men, in just the same society as when he left his wife and family almost suffering for bread, and left in the morning with a load of bark for Galena, leaving it uncertain whether he would come back at night with the proceeds of the load for the benefit of his family, or drunk, in the bottom of his wagon."

A GENERAL BEVERAGE—who was probably full of his own name at the time—followed ex-Governor Oglesby as orator at a Grant meeting in Chicago recently. When he spoke of the war, an impatient man roared out, "Damn the war!" and Beverage sidled off into an attack on Mr. Greeley. Then another man yelled, "Dry up!" The baffled Beverage here took up Mr. Greeley's censure of Democrats. Again a voice in the crowd shrieked, "We can stand it!" amid a roar of laughter. Beverage then dissolved into silence.

Gen. N. P. Banks of Massachusetts has written a letter announcing that he will support Greeley. The separation of so prominent a Republican from the Grant wing, will undoubtedly cause dismay to the Administration party. We may now look to see Gen. Banks reviled in the Grant papers as either a blackguard or a person of no influence. The attitude of Gen. Banks and Mr. Sumner will tell on the vote of Massachusetts.

The great argument of the Grant men is that he is paying the national debt. Yes! but whose money is he paying with? And how much more of it would have been paid had not so much been plundered from the national treasury by his defaulting appointees? And how much faster would it be paid if the hundred and fifty millions Mr. Boutwell keeps locked up and idle in the treasury were wisely invested? And if he cared much about paying the national debt, would he have had the most extravagant Administration since the government was founded? His friends talk as though he were paying the national debt out of his own pocket, as Webster once proposed to do when he threw his empty wallet down upon his desk in the Senate Chamber; but the truth is, he has grown rich on the spoils of his office, and has helped his friends to fortunes, and has seen the public money absorbed by defaulters and squandered by the Administration without a murmur, and to-day is using the treasure of the nation to secure his own re-election for another term. And this is the man who is paying the national debt! The claim is almost too preposterous to be absurd, and those who make it must be strangely misinformed or think other men are idiots.—*Golden Age.*

NEWS

"Dutch Heinrich;" confined at Sing Sing for bond robbery, attempted on Wednesday to escape. He seized a horse in the prison yard, mounted, and galloped away. The guard fired and killed the horse, when Heinrich continued his flight on foot. He was finally overtaken and secured.

Advices from Geneva says that the English representatives have presented to the Tribunal a supplementary case, attempting to establish that England faithfully executed her laws in connection with the Confederate cruisers. The American agents have submitted a retort, placing the question on international law.

The trouble at Williamsport has ended, and the troops are withdrawn. Most of the mills have resumed work. Grevy, Bermingham, Whilton and Blake, the leading strikers, have been liberated on bail, and bail also has been furnished for the other strikers who are in prison.

Hon. Charles Sumner has published his long expected letter to the colored men. He advocates Greeley and advises them to support him. The influence of this letter will undoubtedly be very great in the south.

Gen. Kilpatrick has begun a criminal suit for slander against the New York *Times* and a civil suit for $20,000 against a Bangor paper for the same cause. It was charged that Kilpatrick when Minister to Chili attempted to introduce a disreputable woman into society there. Kilpatrick denies this and states that the only woman with him was his mother-in-law who went there for her health.

Messrs. Shanks, Smith, and Burdett, the sub-committee on Indian affairs, appointed to investigate alleged frauds on the tribes inhabiting the Indian Territory, have taken an immense mass of testimony, and unearthed frauds to a very large amount.

New Advertisements.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE
ESTATE OF SAVILLA PEALER DEC'D.

The undersigned appointed Auditor to distribute the funds in the hands of the Administrators of the estate of Savilla Pealer deceased will meet the parties interested at his office in the town of Bloomsburg on Saturday August 31st, 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons interested are requested to present them to the Auditor or be forever debarred from coming in for said fund.

SAMUEL KNORR, Auditor.

nllw4.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF PETER STRICKER DEC'D.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Peter Stricker late of Catawissa township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Hiram J. Reeder Catawissa twp. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator, without delay.

HIRAM J. REEDER, Administrator.

nllw6.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF CHRISTIAN LUTZ, SR., DEC'D.

Notice is hereby given that letters of Administration have been granted by the Register of Wills of Columbia county to the undersigned residents of the estate of Christian Lutz, Sr., late of Mifflin township in said county, now deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are required to make payment and all persons who have claims against said estate to make them known to the undersigned. LEVI LUTZ, Administrator.

Nescopeck township, Luzerne Co. nllw1

TO THE TAX PAYERS OF THE Town of Bloomsburg.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned Treasurer of the Town of Bloomsburg, will be prepared to receive Town taxes for the present year, on and during thirty days from and after Monday the 12th day of August, 1872, at the office of Hon. Charles R. Buckalew in the said Town.

Any tax unpaid at the expiration of thirty days from the said 12th day of August, shall be paid to the Collector of taxes with five per centum penalty upon the amount added thereto.

Office hours from 9 to 12 A. M., and from 1 to 5 o'clock P. M.

W. B. KOONS, Town Treasurer.

Bloomsburg, August 1, 1872. nllw1

FRUIT TREES, SMALL FRUITS,
Ornamental Trees and Plants,
Choice Garden and Field Seeds, &c.
A splendid stock of the choicest varieties.

Send for Descriptive Catalogue and Priced list.

All Trees well packed so as to carry safely to any part of the United States.

EDW'D J. EVANS & CO.,
Nurserymen and Seedsmen,
YORK, PA.

SEWING MACHINES.

THE SALES OF SEWING MAchines in 1871, as reported, under oath, in 1872, to the owners of the Sewing Machine Patents, show that the

SINGER
MANUFACTURING COMPANY
LAST YEAR SOLD
181, 260 Machines,
NINETY PER CENT. OF THEM BEING FOR FAMILY USE.
THIS IS OVER
50,000
MORE SEWING MACHINES THAN WERE SOLD BY ANY OTHER COMPANY DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

The Singer Manufacturing Co.,
34 UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK.
PHILADELPHIA OFFCE.....1106 Chestnut St,
J. A. DORON, AGT. IN.....Bloomsburg.
aug9 1y

AIRY VIEW ACADEMY, Perryville Station, Pa. R. R. (For Males & Female Pupils.) Long established, thorough, successful: location healthful and accessible; community social, moral and religious; buildings large and costly; a full corps of able teachers; mountain air, pure water, safe bathing, fine skating; emphatically a home school. Whole expense, for Board, Tuition, Room, Fuel and Washing (for 40 weeks,) *less than two hundred dollars.* Winter session begins Sept. 3. Send for Circulars. WILSON & PATTERSON, Port Royal, Juniata Co., Pa.

PRESIDENTS OF COLLEGES, MINISTERS, SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS MEN,
TESTIFY TO THE MANY ADVANTAGES OF
Tuscarora Academy,
ACADEMIA, JUNIATA CO., PA.
Send for a Circular and Testimonials.
D. D. STONE, A. M., Ph. D. J. J. PATTERSON, A. M.
aug9w1

Steubenville O., Female Seminary.

This widely-known School affords thorough Christian education, at a cost of little more than $5 a week; one-fourth off for clergymen. The 9th session (40 weeks) opens Sept. 11th. The address of all former pupils is requested. A grand reunion at the close of the next year. For circulars to Rev. CHARLES C. BEATTY, D. D. LL. D., Supt., or Rev. A. M. REID, Ph. D., Principal. aug9w1

DORDENTOWN (N. J.) FEMALE COLLEGE.—Thorough instruction. Healthful and beautiful location. One of the most carefully conducted and best sustained institutions in the State. For terms, etc., address Rev. JOHN H. BRAKELEY, Ph. D. aug9w1

EDGEHILL MILITARY SCHOOL,
Merchantville, N. J.,
Four miles from Philadelphia.
(formerly located at Princetown, N. J.)
Rev. S. S. ROWELL, A. M., Principal.
Forty-fourth Annual Term begins Sept. 13th.
Send for Circular.

TUSCARORA FEMALE SEMINARY, ACADEmia, Juniata Co., Pa.

MUTUAL
Fire Insurance.

The Mutual Plan guarantees to the mutually insured the greatest security for the least possible cost. The premium notes are the capital. On this no dividends are paid to the stockholders, but it is simply assessed to pay deficiencies arising after the payment of losses and expenses, which in the COLUMBIA INSURANCE COMPANY, during the total 12½ years of its existence, have averaged but 6¼ per centum upon the premium note, being lower than the rates paid in the best solvent stock companies during the same period of time. In insuring at stock rates, the insured must pronounce to himself that he pays every year enough—1st. To form an accumulated fund for emergencies; 2d. To pay large dividends to the capital invested in the Company; 3d. Runs the risk of a "Chicago fire" coming and wiping his Company out of existence. In a Mutual Company he keeps his own reserve in hand until needed, and pays no dividend to capitalists. The mutually insured, being themselves the capitalists, look after the business, its character and its agents in all places, thus protecting each other. For Insurances or Agencies, address

J. F. FRUEAUFF, Secretary,
Columbia, Lancaster County, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED for Chamberlin's Great Campaign Book, THE
Struggle of '72;
A Novelty in Political and Popular Literature. A GRAPHIC History of the Republican and Democratic parties; a racy sketch of the so-called Liberal Republican Party; an inside view of the Cincinnati Convention. The minor tickets or side shows of the campaign. The finest illustrated book published. A Book wanted by every American citizen. To secure territory at once, send $1 for outfit. UNION PUBLISHING CO., Chicago, Ill., Philla., Pa., or Springfield, Mass.

CAMPAIGN GOODS FOR 1872.
Agents wanted for our Campaign goods. Sell at Sight. Pay 100 per cent. profit. Now is the time. Send at once for Descriptive Circulars and Price List of our Fine Steel Engravings of all the Candidates, Campaign Biographies, Charts, Photographs, Badges, Pins, Flags, and everything suited to the times. Dollars per day easily made. Full samples sent for $2. Address MOORE & GOODSPEED, 36 Park Row, New York.

CAMPAIGN BADGES! Thirty new and beautiful designs. Get Price List of T. C. RICHARDS & CO., M'f'rs, 47 Murray St., N. Y.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

THE CHEMISTRY OF DIVINE PROVIDENCE has never produced a mineral water which combines in such perfections the qualities of antibilious tonic and cathartic medicine, as that of the Seltzer Spa; and TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT is the artificial equivalent of that great natural remedy. Sold by all Druggists.

$1.000 REWARD
For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that DR KING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure these diseases, and nothing else. Sold by all Druggists. Price, $1.00.

BARLOW'S INDIGO BLUE
Is the cheapest and best article in the market for **Bluing Clothes.** The genuine has Josh Barlow's and Wiltberger's name on the label, and is put up at Wiltberger's Drug Store, No. 235 North Second St., Philadelphia, D. S. WILTBERGER, Proprietor. For sale by Druggists and Grocers.

KEEP IT HANDY,—The Reliable Family Medicine, for the prompt cure of Cholera, Diarrhœa, Cholera Infantum, Dysentery, Cramps, Summer Complaint, &c., Jardella's Compound Syrup of Blackberry Root and Rhubarb an old and well-tried remedy, entirely vegetable, pleasant to take, quick and certain in effect; can be depended on in the most urgent cases; may be given to the youngest infant as well as to the aged. It is readily taken by children. Keep it in the house and use in time. Sold by Druggists, HANSELL & BRO., 2000 Market Street, Philadelphia. Try it.

AGENTS WANTED.—Agents make more money at work for us than at anything else. Business light and permanent. Particulars free. G. STINSON & Co., Fine Art Publishers, Portland, Maine. aug9w1

WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS
FOR COUGHS, COLDS & HOARSENESS.
These Tablets present the Acid in Combination with other efficient remedies, in a popular form for the Cure of all THROAT and LUNG Diseases. HOARSENESS and ULCERATION of the throat are immediately relieved and statements are constantly being sent to the proprietor of relief in cases of throat affections of years standing. CAUTION Don't be deceived by worthless imitations. Get only Wells' Carbolic Tablets. Price 25 cents per Box. JOHN D. WELLS, 18 Platt St., N. Y. Sole Agent for the U. S. Send for Circular. m3lw1

$250 A MONTH easily made with Stencil and Key-Check Dies. Secure Circular and Sample, *free.* S. M. SPENCER, Brattleboro, Vt m31-4w

AGENTS! Send for circulars and special terms for "McClellan's Republicanism in America." The fastest selling book out. J. M. STODDART & CO., Publishers, Phila. Aug4w1

AGENTS WANTED FOR
Prof. FOWLER'S GREAT WORK
On Manhood, Womanhood, and their Mutual Inter-relations; Love, its Laws, Power, etc.
Send for specimen pages and circulars, with terms. Address, NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Phila, Pa. m31-1w

MY JOLLY FRIEND'S SECRET
Dio Lewis' new & greatest work is an immense success, 130 thousand in press. Agents delighted and coining money. AGENTS WANTED everywhere. GEO. MACLEAN, Publisher, 738 Sansom St., Phila. m31-1w

RARE CHANCE FOR AGENTS! Agents, we will pay you $10 per week in cash if you will engage with us AT ONCE. Everything furnished, and expenses paid. Address P. A. ELLIS & CO., Charlotte, Mich. aug9-4

LIVE AGENTS wanted for *two live Books;* Dr. Cornell's Lives of GREELEY and BROWN,—the latest and best; also, Judge Russell's "Life of Henry Wilson,"—only correct edition published. *Popular prices! Shrewd agents* will see the advantage of *having both for each party.* Secure territory at once, and coin money. Address, H. C. JOHNSON, Publisher, 700 Arch St. Phila. Aug4w1

AGENTS LOOK HERE! Why not sell a book that EVERY family WANT and will BUY at SIGHT? such as THE NEW ILLUSTRATED FIRESIDE EDITION OF

ROBINSON CRUSOE,

JUST OUT. An *elegant* octavo, 528 pages; over 50 *superb* illustrations, *tinted paper, superior binding,* ONLY 2.50. The CHEAPEST and most popular book in print. In a great hurry. Will sell EVERYBODY. Don't waste TIME. Posters, circulars, terms, and our Agt's Pocket Companion, mail'd free HUBBARD BROS., Publishers, 721 Sansom St., Phila. aug9w1

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN JURUBEBA BLOOD PURIFIER

It is not a physic which may give temporary relief to the sufferer for the first few doses, but which, from continued use, brings Piles and hundred diseases to aid in weakening the invalid, nor is it a doctored liquor, which, under the popular name of "Bitters" is so extensively palmed off on the public as sovereign remedies, but it is a most powerful Tonic and alterative, pronounced so by the leading medical authorities of London and Paris, and has been long used by the regular physicians of other countries with wonderful remedial results.

Dr. Wells' Extract of Jurubeba
retains all the medicinal virtues peculiar to the plant and must be taken as a permanent curative agent.

Is there want of action in your Liver & Spleen? Unless relieved at once, the blood becomes impure by deleterious secretions, producing scrofulous or skin diseases, Blotches, Felons, Pustules, Canker, Pimples, &c., &c.

Take Jurubeba to cleanse, purify and restore the vitiated blood to healthy action.

Have you a Dyspeptic Stomach? Unless digestion is promptly aided the system is debilitated of its vital force, producing Loss of the Blood, Dropsical Tendency, General Weakness or Lassitude.

Take it to assist Digestion without reaction, it will impart youthful vigor to the weary sufferer.

Have you weakness of the intestines? You are in danger of Chronic Diarrhœa or the dreadful Inflammation of the Bowels.

Take it to allay irritation and ward off tendency to inflammation.

Have you weakness of the Uterine or Urinary Organs? You must procure instant relief or you are liable to suffering worse than death.

Take it to strengthen organic weakness or life becomes a burden.

Finally it should be frequently taken to keep the system in perfect health or you are otherwise in great danger of malarial, miasmatic or contagious diseases.

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., New York.
Sole Agent for the United States.
Price $1 per Bottle. Send for Circular. aug9w1

NOTICE.

Subscribers to the Capital Stock in the North & West Branch Railroad, are hereby notified that if they fail to pay the assessment of ten per cent on said stock due first July, on or before the first day of August, 1872, they will be subject to the legal penalty of one per cent per month in said assessment.

By order of the Board of Directors.

WM. NEAL, Treasurer.

Wilson College for Young Ladies,
CHAMBERSBURG, PA.
With ample Grounds and elegant Buildings, so fitted up as to be homelike and attractive, and well equipped for thorough educational work, will open the First Term of the next Academic year September 4th, 1872. For Circulars, apply to Rev. C. R. LANE. n31 1872-1m

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

There will be a public examination of teachers for the schools of Conyngham and Centralia Districts, in the new school house near Centralia, on the 12th day of August, 1872, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M.

By order of the Board of Directors,
PATRICK MCDERMOTT,
Sec'y. Conyngham Dist.
PATRICK KILLEEN,
Sec'y. Centralia Dist.

n31 3t

FOR SALE.—The Subscriber offers for sale his farm in Mifflin township consisting of

FIFTY ACRES,

Seven acres and thirteen perches of which are woodland, on which is erected

A TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE
with new outbuildings in good condition. There are two orchards on the premises and a never failing supply of water. The property adjoins lands of Chas. Klingerman, Joseph Pohe and others. For particulars address or apply to

ISAACS. HENDERSHOTT,
aug 2 9t Millinville,

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. William Elwell, President Judge of the Court of Over and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Court of Common Pleas and Orphan's Court in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia, Sullivan and Wyoming, and the Hon. Ivan Derr and Isaac S. Monroe Associate Judges of Columbia county have issued their precept, bearing date the 11th day of May, in the year of our Lord, one thousand, eight hundred and seventy-two, and to me directed for holding a Court of Over and Terminer and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace Court of Common Pleas and Orphan's Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday being the 2d day of September next, to continue two weeks.

Notice is hereby given, to the Coroner, to the Justices of the Peace, and the Constables of the said county of Columbia, that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said 2d day of September with their records, inquisitions and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizance, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the Jail of the said county of Columbia, to be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, agreeably to their notices. Dated at Bloomsburg, the 29th day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two and in the ninety-seventh year of the Independence of the United States of America. AARON S

THE COLUMBIAN.

Friday, August 9, 1872.

FRANK COOLEY,
ASSISTANT EDITOR.

Railroad Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG R. R.

	North.	South.
Mail	9:32 A. M.	4:37 P. M.
Accommodation	4:40 P. M.	11:05 P. M.
Express	6:06 P. M.	9:32 A. M.

CATAWISSA R. R. FROM RUPERT STATION.

Going North.	Going South.
2:05 P. M.	11:14 A. M.

LOCAL.

WE have received a large lot of Paper Sacks—50 lbs. and 25 lbs.—which we offer at reasonable rates.

WILL the editor of the *Republican* explain what he means by the question "*Dubitanea Delta Besa?*" Is it any thing good to eat?

TAKE a look at your furs and other valuables just now. Moths are very numerous and they can do much damage in a short time.

WORK on the hotel building which had been stopped for several days for want of bricks, was resumed on Tuesday morning last.

A break in the canal was discovered last Sunday near Port Noble which did some damage but was promptly repaired.

ATTEND the delegate election on Saturday and be careful in choosing your delegates. Let none but the best men receive your votes.

THE North American Circus which was advertised to exhibit at Bloomsburg on Saturday next, has been diverted from its course and will not be here as promised.

SAMUEL FETTERMAN of Locust township has presented us with a stalk of oats measuring 5 feet 3 inches in length and the head of which contained 85 grains. Very good.

THE weather has been delightful of late, with warm days but deliciously cool nights like those of Autumn. It is not, however, as healthy as it is agreeable for we hear of some complaints of ague and kindred disorders peculiar to the season.

THE walls of the new house of W. B. Koons on Fifth Street are ready to receive the roof. The completion of the building will be a matter of two months' work at least. We trust that when finished it may prove fire-proof.

THE market on Saturday last was very well attended by both buyers and sellers. There were some thirty wagons along the curb and the streets were filled with those anxious to secure the materials for a good Sunday dinner.

THERE will be five eclipses this year, two of the sun, two of the moon, and one of General Grant after the election. The latter will be visible in the United States. You needn't smoke any glass to see it.

THERE will be a public meeting at the Hall of the Good Templars in this town on Tuesday August 13th. The following subject will be discussed:

"Will the temperance cause be promoted by the advocacy of prohibition now and its support at the polls in the future?"

THE Fall and Winter Terms of the State Normal School will begin Monday August 26th, and close Friday December 20th. The sessions cover eighteen weeks. The advertisement to be found in another column will give full particulars.

COBWEBS applied to a cut or wound will be as likely to stop the effusion of blood as any thing else that can be obtained. Severe cuts and gashes covered with a thin layer of cobwebs, and tied up tight, rarely ever bleed much after the application.

EVERYWHERE farmers complain that they remember no season when weeds were so prolific as they are this. Hoeing them up by the roots does not affect their destruction, for the frequent storms and showers prevent them from wilting, and they quickly take root again.

TEMPERATURE of July, 1872, at Bloomsburg, result of three daily observations. On the 3d at 3 o'clock 20 minutes p.m., the thermometer showed 100°; on the 17th at 4 p. m., it showed 98°. Minimum 62°, Average 77°.

THE members of the Lutheran Church will hold a festival in "Mechanics Hall" on Friday and Saturday evenings August 9th and 10th. A K. of P. cane will be voted for. The contestants are Thomas E. Geddis and Thomas Webb.

THERE was a brilliant display of Northern Lights on Saturday night, the scintillations being unusually vivid. The colors displayed were rose, straw and silver and were most delicately shaded into one another. The city papers speak of the same beautiful phenomenon.

THERE was a fine meeting at Sunbury on Monday night Mr. Buckalew, John Campbell of Philadelphia and H. B. Wright of Wilkes Barre being the speakers. A large audience greeted the speakers with enthusiasm and their remarks met with warm applause.

WE have received a very fine, large portrait of Horace Greeley. The picture is of life size and is a perfectly correct likeness of the honest and intellectual "Sage of Chappaqua." We shall give it a prominent place in our sanctum where our friends can have an opportunity of gazing upon the "counterfeit presentment" of the next president.

ABOUT the middle of June a Massachusetts farmer cut down a field of spring rye for fodder. The rye had headed perfectly. It was supposed that grass would immediately follow, but in ten days the rye grew up, headed out, and is now the finest looking field of rye in that region. This is a new departure in agriculture.

We find the above in an exchange; we do not vouch for its truth but if any of our farmers have known any thing of the kind in their experience we should be pleased to hear of it. The story sounds rather apocryphal.

The new machine shops of the Harrisburg Car Company at Harrisburg, were burned on Saturday night. Loss $50,000. Four firemen were badly injured.

OUR ancient friend Dr. P. John is a man of influence. He succeeded in running the Democratic majority in this county from 1000 up to 2000, and since he has removed to North Carolina has converted that Radical strong-hold into a Democratic State.

There was a terrific tornado at Harrisburg on Monday, accompanied by hail stones of large size. Numbers of buildings were unroofed and blown down, glass broken, etc. The damage will amount to thousands of dollars.

CAMP MEETING.—A camp meeting will be held by the Evangelical Church, on the ground of Mr. Joseph P. Conner of Center township Columbia county, commencing on Thursday, August 22d, and continuing one week. Boarding and lodging furnished on the ground for the week or by the day at reasonable rates. All are cordially invited to attend.

MR. J. L. GIRTON, proprietor of the omnibus line, has been compelled to re-establish the old rates for passengers to and from the R. R. Stations, to wit: 35 cents to Rupert and 15 cents to the L & B. R. R. His receipts for the month past were $99 and his expenses over $87 which does not afford much margrin for profit.

THERE was a large and enthusiastic Greeley meeting at Wilkes Barre on Tuesday August 1st. D. L. Rhone Esq. was chosen President and W. P. O'Neill Esq. Secretary pro tem. Speeches were made by the President, Milton Dana Esq. and Col. H. B. Wright. A number of prominent men were present and signed a resolution expressing willingness to join in the Greeley-Brown movement.

A CAMP MEETING will be held on Headly Grove Camp Ground, commencing August 28th and continuing ten days. This camp ground is beautifully located on the bank of Kitchen's Creek in the southern part of Luzerne county. Hacks connect with each train at Shickshinny station to convey passengers to the ground. Good boarding can be had at reasonable rates. Brethren of the ministry and laity are respectfully invited to attend.

A YOUNG man named Al. Cadowel employed at Turnbach, Hess & Co's. Foundry had a narrow escape from death on Wednesday last. He was engaged in throwing off the belt from the fan after casting, when the pin to which he was holding broke and his arm was caught in the belt and his body was drawn in and carried once around the wheel. His cries attracted the attention of Mr. George Bradford who ran and stopped the engine and Cadowel was taken out. The only injuries he sustained were some bad bruises on the arm and a cut on the breast. His escape from death was truly marvelous.

THE postmaster-editor of the *Republican* is very averse to the election of Mr. Buckalew and perhaps the following facts have something to do with the matter. In December 1862 he was held to bail in the sum of $1200 to answer the charge of "riot" and at his trial in Febuary of 1863 was found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and the costs of prosecution and stand committed until the same be paid. A pardon from the Governor relieved him from the fine but he had to pay the costs. He naturally does not care to have a Governor elected who would refuse to grant pardons to riotous editors—hence his dislike to Mr. Buckalew.

The *Tribune* gives the following good advice, which should be followed by every one interested: "Endeavor to increase the circulation of the newspapers published in your respective localities. There is no better campaign document than the local newspaper. Be it large or small, if it is heartily devoted to the popular cause, it will necessarily contain inducements to earnest, resolute action in successive numbers. However apathetic or hostile a voter may now be, he will not, if he is open to honest conviction, resist the influence of the facts published between this and November, in any one paper devoted to national reform. Whoever, therefore, adds even a single name to the subscription list of such a paper, has laid the basis of an ever-widening circle of effective aid to the popular cause."

CAN ANY ONE TELL?—Can any one tell why men who cannot pay small bills can always find money to buy liquor, and treat when happening among their friends?

Can any one tell how young men who dodge their washerwomen and are always behind with their landlords, can play billiards night and day, and are always ready at a game of cards?

Can any one tell how men live and support their families who have no income and do no work, while others who are industrious and constantly employed are half starved?

Can any one tell how it is that nine-tenths of the mothers are so ready to sow for the distant heathen, when their children at home are ragged and dirty?

Can any one tell why four-fifths of the young women prefer a brainless fop under a plug hat, with tight pants and a short tailed coat, to a man with some brains.

HARD AND SOFT WATER FOR COOKING.—The effects of hard and soft water in cooking vegetables vary materially. Peas and beans cooked in hard water containing lime or gypsum, will not boil tender, because these substances harden vegetable caseine. In soft water they boil tender, and lose a certain rank, raw taste, which they retain in hard water. Many vegetables (as onions) boil tasteless in soft water because all the flavor is dissolved out. The addition of salt often checks this, (as in the case of onions) causing the vegetables to retain the peculiar flavoring principles, besides much nutritious matter which might be lost in soft water. Thus it appears that salt hardens the water to a degree. For extracting the juices of meat to make a broth or soup, soft water, unsalted, and cold at first, is best, for it more readily penetrates the tissue; but for boiling meat where the juices should be retained, hard water or soft water salted is preferable, and the meat should be put in while it is boiling so as to seal up the pores at once. Cut this out for reference.

A disturbance occurred on Main Street last Saturday which bid fair at one time to grow to riotous proportions, and which finally culminated in the arrest of four colored men after quite a severe struggle. Constable Woodward was called upon by Bernhard Stohner to take charge of James Archie, who was drunk and disorderly in his saloon. Woodward told Archie to go home which he profanely refused to do, as he did also to go before President Mendenhall. The Constable then laid hands upon Archie to compel him to go with him when, as he alleges, three colored men, Ephraim Parks, George Briggs and John Brewer interfered and so embarassed him in the performance of his duties, that Archie escaped and ran away. The three men were taken before Mr. Mendenhall who fined Parks $10.00 and costs and the others each $5.00 and costs. Archie was subsequently arrested and bound over in the sum of $200 to appear at Court. The worst feature of this disgraceful affair was the conduct of the majority of those who witnessed it, and who either turned a deaf ear to the request of the Constable for assistance or encouraged the colored men in their resistance to the officer. We are informed that Mr. Woodward intends to have several of those arrested who refused to render him assistance.

It is about time that summary justice was meted out to this incorrigible darkey James Archie who is a nuisance and a disgrace to the town. He has been in similar trouble time and again and fails to profit by the lesson. The people have had enough of him and his doings and it is earnestly hoped by all respectable citizens that when he comes up for trial he may receive such punishment as will convince him, at least, that it will be safer for him hereafter to lead a decent and orderly life if he expects to remain here. If this is not done we may be called on at some time to chronicle a graver offence against the law committed by him. Rowdyism and rioting are very fortunately of rare occurrence in Bloomsburg of late, but this will not be the case if assistance is refused to an officer in making arrests, and aid and comfort afforded to those resisting him. It is perfectly well known that Mr. Woodward is the only Constable this town has ever had who has kept order in public places and it is a duty each citizen owes his fellow townsmen to see that this order is preserved. We hope this is the last time we may be called on to mention any reluctance to render aid when called for.

OUR little hit at the Montour *American* a couple of weeks ago, seems to have been more successful than we had anticipated. The last number of that paper contains a violent assault on the COLUMBIAN in which it criticises, falsely of course, the contents of our columns as well as their appearance "typhographically" (we do not know what this word means but presume it must be something pretty bad.) Its remarks concering the originality of our articles would have come with better grace if its own columns had contained one solitary original editorial or if what it humorously calls its "local" page had not been filled as usual with newspaper clippings covering territory from Maine to Missouri. Considering the very glassy materials of which its own house is composed, its recklessness in throwing stones is remarkable if not commendable. There is one charge however to which we plead guilty; the COLUMBIAN *has* two editors whilst the *American* has none.

Among Ourselves.

We have always thought, and several times have taken occasion to say so, that the County Conventions in this District were held too late. We desire to repeat this, with the reasons for our conclusion. The last Convention in the Senatorial District assembles Aug. 20, and it is hardly possible to make a district nomination which shall be announced in the papers of that week. And thus the campaign is made so short, that even if nominations are promptly made, there is no time to adjust differences, mollify disappointments, or test the qualifications of the candidates.

Neither the Bradford nor Wyoming papers have yet published the call for their County Conventions, and thus the Congressional nominations seems likely to lag till the early days of September; giving just about time enough to announce the names of the candidates, and print and circulate the tickets. In a close District it makes success impossible for want of time to canvass the voters.

Every nomination in the District ought to be made by or before the middle of August, or at farthest by the 20th of that month. We call attention to this now so that the County Conventions can change the time if they see fit. The Conventions now assemble as follows:

Columbia—Second Tuesday in August.

Montour—Third Monday in August.

Lycoming—Third Tuesday in August.

Sullivan—Second Tuesday in August.

Bradford—not announced.

Wyoming—not announced.

We repeat the importance of early Conventions, and trust our political friends will reform their tardiness altogether.

Communicated.

SMALL POX.—Your remarks upon the above disease in your last issue, induce me to send you the following article, in the hope that if any cases should occur here they may be slight by reason of prepartion for them. In case of an attack a lemon or two daily, to be eaten might be greatly beneficial, if the theory be correct.

"The curious theory is propounded by a physician in Germany that small-pox originates from an excess of albuminous matter in the blood, and that this is to be prevented by the administration of common salt. The habit of children indulging over freely in sweetmeats he considers one great cause of this undue development of albumen, and coffee and tea, if highly sugared, tend also to excite it in adults. An organic acid, such as lemon juice, he considers the best means of freeing the blood when clogged up with too much albumen; and he alleges that by taking these simple remedies, in the way of precaution, he has, for upward of twelve years past, frequented or taken up his abode in the most pestilential small-pox hospitals in Europe and South-America with entire impunity." G.

A violent storm of rain and hail passed eastward along the New York and Pennsylvania line last Friday. The house of a family named Owens, near the forks of Susquehanna Creek, was torn down, and two children were drowned.

THERE are three ways to sweep to carpet—one right and two wrong ways. One wrong way is to hold the broom nearly in front of the operator, with the handle inclined backward towards him, then press down as a forward thrust is given, and thus heave the heavier dirt half-way cross the room, while the light particles are sent whirling about, covering, as they settle, every article of furniture. Another wrong way to sweep a carpet is to move the broom forward with a heavy, drawing stroke, by which the material to be removed is pressed into the carpet rather than worked gently along on the surface. If either of these wrong ways is adopted, the broom will wear out the carpet more than it is worn by the occupants of the dwelling. When a sweeper collects a dust-pan half-full of the nap of the carpet every time it is swept, a new one will soon be required. The *right* way to sweep is to incline the handle a little forward, then give a light drawing stroke, allowing the broom to scarcely touch the carpet. Not one-half the weight of the broom should be allowed to press on the carpet, as the dirt is moved forward. Let the dirt be moved and rolled along lightly. If a generous quantity of tea-grounds, small bits of wet paper, or clean and wet saw-dust can be spread over the carpet before the sweeping is commenced, all the fine dirt will adhere to the wet materials. A little smart woman who is a terror to dirt will frequently hurl it about the room as if it were impelled by a whirlwind, and when the task is ended her dust-pan will contain scarcely enough to pay for sweeping. But by using a good broom having a long, elastic brush, touching the carpet lightly, it will scarcely require the strength of a child to sweep a large parlor in a few minutes. Scarcely one housekeeper in fifty understands how to sweep a carpet correctly.

Obituary.

Hon. Stephen Baldy died at Catawissa at nine o'clock in the evening of Tuesday last, aged about 78 years. Mr. Baldy was commissioned as Justice of the Peace by Governor Andrew Shultz November 28th 1826. In 1845 he was elected Associate Judge of this County and commissioned by Francis R. Shunk and was appointed to the same office by Gov. Wm. B. Packer, January 12th, 1861, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge Peter Kline. He was again elected Associate Judge in 1861 and commissioned by Gov. A. G. Curtin, and on the 1st of April, 1871, was elected Justice of the Peace and commissioned by Gov. Geary, which office he filled at the time of his death. He was well known throughout the country where his long life had been spent.

An organ having propounded this profound political conundrum, "Why do the thieves and corruptionists all gravitate toward Greeley?" *The Cincinnat Commercial* gives this unfeeling response: "Now, we give it up. Why Murphy, Leet and Stocking, Casey, Dr. Lamper, Chorpenning, Evans, and other like rascals, who have, in one way or another, defrauded the Government of millions of dollars, will support Honest Horace in preference to Grant, is one of those things, you know, 'a feller never can find out.'"

Among the many Republicans who have pronounced for Greeley are Dr. H. C. Fessenden, of Maine, brother of the late Senator Fessenden; Hon. Horatio Ballard ex-Secretary of State of New York: Hon. A. C. Mullin formerly member of assembly of this State and private secretary of Gov. Curtin and Hon. Morrow B. Lowry of Erie, none of whose reputations can be successfully assailed as Republicans.

GEN. BUTLER, in his Gloucester speech said: "If GREELEY is elected we have lost all we gained in the war." Not quite all, General. There are a few Major Generals and Congressmen which the war conferred upon us, one of whom is your noble self, that no one's election could do away with, although we would gladly oh! so gladly dispense with them.

It is the general opinion of the London press that the letters of Senator Sumner and Hon. N. P. Banks, advocating the election of Mr. Greeley for President of the United States, together with the Democratic victory in North Carolina, indicate the election of Greeley and Brown in November.

Receipts for July.

Catawissa savings bank	$10 00	H Zuppinger	50
D Lowenberg	65 00	David Lewis	8 00
C W Higbee	5 00	McClelland & Co	3 62
Saml Johnson	2 00	Society of Friends	7 00
M L Hutchins	2 00	H McBride	2 00
M Whitmoyer	6 00	Isaiah Yeager	2 00
Miss M E Weiss	3 00	J H Sparks	6 00
John Huey	2 00	John Walker	2 00
Philip Hartman	5 00	J J Hagenbuch	2 00
1st National Bank	2 00	J A Funston	2 00
Jno W Hoffman	2 00	J Funston	2 00
Blanks	50	D P Palmer	2 00
Town council	18 00	G A Herring	2 00
Ciara Park	2 00	Wm Straub	2 00
Misses Rupert	2 00	Elias Mills	2 00
L B Rupert	60 00	C B White	2 00
Peter Girton	2 00	David Miller	2 00
J L Girton	3 00	H Baker	2 00
T B Taylor	1 00	Peter Fritz	50
J H Girton	3 00	Elizabeth Bomboy	1 00
Jacob Miller	5 00	Blanks	1 80
T B Taylor	19 13	Vol Wellfver	2 00
J H Girton	3 00	Blanks	2 00
Jas Hughes	2 00	Alex Carr	2 00
Dr E B Early	3 00	Jas Heller	2 00
S M Ellis	2 00	Wm Heller	2 00
Joseph Ikeler	1 00	G A Herring	1 00
C D Mills	1 00	Peter Scing	1 00
Wm Beers	2 00	Est John Kile	2 00
Kleckner's circus	15 00	G W Miller	1 50
M A Ammerman	2 00	Lloyd Dillon	1 50
J K Sharpless (c)	50	Bloom Poor Dist	25 00
Isaiah John (c)	50	Frank Wolf	5 00
E Wynkoop	50		

DEATHS.

STRICKER—In Catawissa July 31st, Mr. Peter Stricker, aged 67 years, 11 months and 9 days.

FURMAN—In Bloomsburg on Tuesday, August 6th, Joseph Barkley, son of Elias and Venia Furman, aged 8 months.

MILLER—In Beaver township, August 2d, 1872, Christian Miller, aged 63 years, 4 months and 8 days.

MARKET REPORTS.

Bloomsburg Market.

Wheat per bushel	$1 80
Rye "	90
Corn "	50
Oats, "	50
Flour per barrel	11 00
Cloverseed	5 50
Flaxseed	2 00
Butter	18
Eggs	18
Tallow	10
Potatoes	40
Dried Apples	10
Hams	15
Sides and Shoulders	9
Lard per pound	10
Hay per ton	25 00

O THAT I WERE BEAUTIFUL! is the unspoken wish of thousands of women to whom nature denied the charm of a pure, fresh, transparent complexion. To gratify this wish HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM was introduced. The cosmetics of the day had been pronounced poisonous by the most distinguished chemists, and it was also found that their ultimate effect was to wither the skin as well as to paralyze the external nerves. The ladies hailed with delight the advent of a healthful, herbal and floral preparation capable of imparting to their faces, necks and arms a porcelain smoothness and a tinge like that of the finest oriental pearl. They soon discovered that it was a "new thing under the sun," incomparable and unapproachable. Unquestionably the MAGNOLIA BALM has been the great toilet success of the present century.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR
CHARLES R. BUCKALEW,
OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:
WILLIAM HARTLEY,
OF BEDFORD COUNTY.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:
JAMES THOMPSON,
OF ERIE COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE:
RICHARD VAUX,
OF PHILADELPHIA.
JAMES H. HOPKINS,
OF ALLEGHENY.
HENDRICK B. WRIGHT,
OF LUZERNE COUNTY.

For Members of the Constitutional Convention.

GEO. V. WOODWARD, Philadelphia.
JEREMIAH S. BLACK, York.
WM. EIGLER, Clearfield.
W. J. BAER, Somerset.
W. H. SMITH, Allegheny.
FRANKLIN B. GOWEN, Philadelphia.
JOHN M. CAMPBELL, Philadelphia.
S. A. REYNOLDS, Lancaster.
JAMES ELLIS, Schuylkill.
S. C. T. DODD, Venango.
GEO. M. DALLAS, Philadelphia.
ROBERT A. LAMBERTON, Dauphin.
A. A. PURMAN, Green.
WM. A. CORBETT, Clarion.

Democratic County Convention.

The Democratic voters of the several districts of Columbia county will meet at the usual places of holding the general elections on Saturday the tenth day of August 1872, between the hours of three and seven o'clock in the afternoon and elect delegates by ballot to represent the districts in a County Convention to be held at the Court House in Bloomsburg on Tuesday the thirteenth day of August, 1872, at one o'clock p. m. to place in nomination a candidate for Member of Assembly, a candidate for Prothonotary and Clerk of the several courts, a candidate for Register and Recorder, a candidate for County Commissioner, a candidate for County Auditor, also to appoint conferees to meet similar conferees from the several counties of the different districts, to choose candidates for President Judge, Congress, the Constitutional Convention and the State Senate.

Also, at the same time and places and in the same manner, the Democratic electors of each district will elect one person to serve as member of the County Standing Committee. By order of the County Committee.

C. G. BARKLEY,
Chairman.

CANDIDATES.

[All who are announced in this list are pledged to abide by the decision of the Democratic Convention.]

FOR REPRESENTATIVE
CHARLES B. BROCKWAY,
BLOOMSBURG.

FOR PROTHONOTARY
JESSE COLEMAN,
BLOOMSBURG.
B. FRANK ZARR,
BLOOMSBURG.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER.
WILLIAMSON H. JACOBY,
BLOOMSBURG.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
ABNER WELSH,
OF ORANGE TOWNSHIP.
WILLIAM LAWTON,
OF GREENWOOD TOWNSHIP.
JOHN SNYDER
OF ORANGE TOWNSHIP.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Go to I. W. Hartman's for Calico and DeLaines by the pound to arrive this week.

The Fall Term of the Orangeville Academy will commence August the 12th, 1872. Good Board can be had $2.50 to $3.00 per week or rooms will be furnished to Students. Address M. A. Williams, Sec. Orangeville Pa.

Black and other colored Alpacas just received at I. W. Hartman's 35, 40, 50, 65, 75, 85, and 1,00 per yard.

Moyer Bros., have fifty cider barrels for sale.

Old Established Coal Yard.

C. W. NEAL & BRO. Wholesale & Retail Dealers in all sizes of the best qualities of Red and White Ash Coal, at the very lowest market rates. Limeburners supplied at liberal rates with best quality No. 6, coal. For smith fires, in addition to a prime article of lump, we have a first class quality of Bituminous coal, at $6.25 per ton on wharf.

Large stocks of all sizes constantly on hand. Strict personal attention given to the preparation of all our coal. Grain, Lumber and Slabs taken in exchange for coal. Coal delivered to any part of the town. Orders left at McKelvy Neal & Co's. store or at our office, will receive prompt attention. OFFICE & YARDS AT MCKELVY & NEAL'S FURNACE, EAST BLOOMSBURG. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

Every nervous Young Man in the Union, will receive, free, a Recipe that will prove a blessing through life, by addressing, in confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN,
Box 5172 P. O. 42 Cedar St., N. Y.
feb. 9, 1y.

PERHAPS no real medicine ever gained the rapid popularity which Castoria has done. One person relates their experience of its good effects to another. It is a vegetable preparation, perfectly harmless, pleasant to take; does not distress or gripe, but regulates the system, and is sure to operate when all other remedies failed. Any person who has ever used Castoria for Stomach Ache, Constipation, Croup, Flatulency, Worms, Piles, or deranged Liver, will never again use nauseating Oil, Bitter Pills or Narcotic Syrups. The Castoria contains neither Minerals, Morphine nor Alcohol. By its soothing, quieting effect it promotes natural sleep, and is particularly adapted to crying and teething children. It costs but 35 cents, and one bottle will save many dollars in doctors' bills.
m31 tw

A PERILOUS SEASON.—Glorious and delightful as the summer weather is, its tropical heat is a severe trial to the vital powers. Even the strongest are sometimes prostrated by its effects. The common phrase applied to this condition of the body is "general debility." Now, general debility arises from, and includes a variety of ailments. The liver is more or less affected, the bowels are either constipated or too much retarded, the stomach but half performs the work of digestion, the appetite is poor, and the spirits depressed. This is what is called general debility. It is a general disarrangement of all the physical functions, and requires as a remedy a tonic like that will regulate them all. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is especially adapted to this purpose. Its general operation is not confined to a single organ. If the liver is affected, it restores its tone. If the stomach is torpid, it regenerates it. If the nerves are tremulous and weak it braces and reinforces them. If the mind which ever sympathizes with the body, is gloomy and despondent, it relieves the difficulty, and soon brings the whole mechanism of the body into harmony with the laws of health.

There is no civilized nation in the Western Hemisphere in which the utility of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a tonic, corrective, and alterative is not known and appreciated. Throughout the Tropics it is considered, both by the people and the profession, the standard specific. While it is a medicine for all seasons and climates, it is especially suited to the complaints generated by the weather, being the purest and best vegetable stimulant in the World.

Beware of the Bitters made of acrid and dangerous materials, which unscrupulous parties are endeavoring to foist upon the people. Their name is legion, and the public has no guarantee that they are not poisonous. Adhere to the tried remedy, Hostetter's Bitters, sold only in glass, and never in kegs or barrels. m31w1

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF PETER GEARHART, DEC'D.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Peter Gearhart, late of Beaver township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of Columbia county, to Allen Mann, Executor. To whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands against said estate, will make them known to the Executor without delay.
ALLEN MANN,
June 28-72-6w Executor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF ABRAM YOUNG, DEC'D.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Abram Young late of Benton township, Columbia county, dec'd, have been granted by the Register of said county to Jacob S. Evans. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them to the Executor in Columbia county. Those indebted to the estate either on note, judgment, mortgage or book account will make payment to the Executor without delay.
JACOB S. EVANS,
June 28, 1872-6w.* Executor.

JUSTICE'S BLANKS.

We now have on hand a large neatly printed assortment of JUSTICE'S and CONSTABLES BLANKS, to which we invite the attention of these officers.

Important Testimony!

The following letters are among the many we are constantly receiving from persons who have been cured by

Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup,
Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic,
AND
Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Pennsgrove, Salem County, New Jersey, FEBRUARY 27, 1872.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK, N. E. corner Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia.

Respected Sir—I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of the many others who have been cured by the efficacy of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Sea Weed Tonic, and Mandrake Pills.

Consumption has been hereditary with my family, most of its members having died of it at early ages. My mother and three brothers died at the age of 31, one brother at 27, and my sister at 18.

I was, when about 21 years, seized with liver complaint, which rapidly developed into Pulmonary Consumption. I was compelled to relinquish my employment (that of a blacksmith.)

I consulted skillful and eminent physicians, and tried many patent nostrums, but without success, so that my friends were sure that there was no hope of my recovery, for I was reduced from 160 pounds to 104, and was not able to do anything without assistance.

By what I now look upon as a Providential interposition, I was induced to try your remedies, and place myself under your treatment, and so rapid and thorough was my recovery, that it seemed as though some superhuman power was at work, and to-day I am as well as at any time during my life. I weigh 152 pounds, am 36 years old, and for some time have been regularly attending to my business, bidding fair to live to a good old age.

I am thankful to you beyond expression for having placed me in a position wherein I am a benefit instead of a burden to my family.

Your Mandrake Pills are the only medicine I ever use now. I think they are the best in the world.

I can refer you to hundreds of my neighbors who will verify all I have written, and any information any of my fellow citizens may desire will be freely and gladly given, upon receipt of stamp, by Yours, etc.,
JOHN C. HEWITT.

Key West, Fla., Feb. 19, 1872.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK, N. E. cor. Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia.

Dear Sir—Please forward, per first steamer, six bottles Sea Weed Tonic and Twelve bottles Pulmonic Syrup.

Your medicines are a such value that I cannot be without them in my household, and in fact no family should be without them.

I have given them a fair test, and openly declare them to be even better than you claim.

Very respectfully yours, &c.,
W. A. WHITEHURST.

PHILADELPHIA, March 4, 1872.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK,

Respected Sir—I take pleasure in awarding to you this certificate of the wonderful cure your Pulmonic Syrup and Sea Weed Tonic produced. My throat and bronchial tubes were so highly inflamed that it was almost impossible for me to swallow my food.

I went on a visit to my uncle, Mr. Charles Johnson, No. 912 Federal street, who says your medicines raised him from almost death after all other means had failed, and he having, therefore, full confidence in the virtue of your remedies, strongly recommended me to try them. I did so, and in one week from the time I commenced taking them my throat underwent a very great change for the better, so that I could eat my meals without any difficulty or pain. I can scarcely find words to express my gratitude for the early relief your invaluable medicines produced upon me, and I deem it but an act of gratitude to give you the acknowledgement of my appreciation. Yours respectfully,
RACHEL M. JACOBS.
No. 446 West Thirty-third street, New York.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP,
SEA WEED TONIC,
and MANDRAKE PILLS.

These are the only medicines that will cure Pulmonary Consumption. Dr. Schenck has been in constant practice over thirty years continually examining lungs, and knows his medicines, if properly taken, will cure Consumption. His Mandrake Pills cleanse the liver and stomach; his Sea Weed Tonic dissolves the food, stimulates the coating of the stomach, and makes it digest. His Pulmonic Syrup ripens the matter, and nature throws it off without any exertion.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Sea Weed Tonic $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 per half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents per box.

PREPARED ONLY AND FOR SALE BY
J. H. SCHENCK & SON,
N. E. Corner SIXTH and ARCH Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.
And by Druggists and Dealers generally.
JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN,
602 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
Wholesale Agents.
apr 12, 1872-6y

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF MARIA KAUFF, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Maria Kauff late of Benton twp., Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to H. Krickbaum administrator of the estate of William Snyder, late of Benton township, deceased, will meet the parties interested at his office in the town of Bloomsburg on Saturday the third day of August at 10 o'clock a. m. and where all persons interested are requested to make their claims or be debarred from coming in upon said estate.
C. B. BROCKWAY,
July 12, 1872-6w Auditor.

IF YOU WANT
A GOOD SCHOOL FOR YOUR BOY,
WHERE HE WILL BE
WELL TAUGHT, WELL FED AND WELL CARED FOR,
And happy surroundings, send him to
CHAMBERSBURG ACADEMY.
J. H. SHUMAKER, Ph. D., Principal.
Chambersburg, Pa.

LEBANON VALLEY COLLEGE,
FOR BOTH SEXES.
Separate buildings. Fall term begins Aug. 19th. For Catalogue, address the President, L. H. HAMMOND, A. M., Annville, Pa.

COTTAGE SEMINARY
FOR YOUNG LADIES,
Pottstown, Montgomery Co., Pa.
The twenty-fourth annual session of this Institution opens September 12th. For Circulars, address Rev. JOHN MOORE, Principal.

FAMILY BOARDING SCHOOL,
FOR YOUNG MEN AND BOYS,
At Pottstown, Montgomery County, Pa.
On Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Twenty-Second annual session opens Sept. 12th. Situation healthy and beautiful. Classical, English and Mathematical courses of study thorough and practical. For Circulars, containing full particulars, address GEO. D. MEIGS, A. M., Principal.

COLLEGIATE AND COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE, New Haven, Conn. Preparatory to College, Business, Scientific School, U. S. Military and Naval Academies. Fall session, 26th year, begins Sept. 12. For Catalogue, address Gen. WM. H. RUSSELL, Principal.

AGENTS WANTED FOR LIFE AND TIMES OF
Jas. Fisk, Jr
Contains biographies of Drew, Vanderbilt, Gould, Tweed, &c., with a financial history of the country for the last three years, and what GRANT knows about "BLACK FRIDAY." Over 500 pages. Price $2. Address New York BOOK CO., 15 Nassau Street, New York.

U. S. PIANO CO., N. Y. PRICE, $200
No Agents. Circulars free.

THIS IS NO HUMBUG! 25 CENTS with
By sending Outline, height and color of eyes & hair, you will receive by return mail, a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with name and date of Marriage. Address W. FOX, P. O. Drawer, S. 24, Fultonville, N. Y. n29-1w

AGENTS WANTED for the Autobiography of HORACE GREELEY. A new illustrated edition, now ready. Only this authentic edition written by himself and endorsed by the Tribune. Also, the Life and Times of U. S. GRANT, by Hon. J. T. Headley; and our 1872 CAMPAIGN MANUAL, for all parties, just out, price $1.50. One Agent sold 80 in three days. Splendid Steel Portraits of Greeley, also of Grant. $250 a month made selling these. Send for TERMS. Publisher, 809 Broadway, N. Y. n29-4w

AGENTS! AGENTS! AGENTS!
send for descriptive circular and special terms for the greatest campaign book published.—
McClellan's Republicanism *in* America.
Owing to the present political excite ment, will sell for the next six months like wild fire.
The most profitable book in the market.
J. M. STODDART & CO., Publishers, 723 Sansom St., Phil'a. n29-1w

A ROYAL CHANCE!
An Army of Live Agents wanted to sell a new beautifully illustrated subscription edition of one of the richest gems in literature, of world-wide fame and surpassing excellence.
Robinson Crusoe,
A splendid octavo, over 500 pages, cream laid paper, elegant binding, only $2.25. A marvel of cheapness!—A mine of wealth! It is the most rare, popular, handsome & cheap book extant, & will outsell all others. For terms, address HUBBARD BROS., Publishers, 723 Sansom St., Philadelphia. n29-4w

BLANK DEEDS.

We now have the finest assortment of BLANK DEEDS on hand and for sale that were ever kept in Bloomsburg. Large size parchment paper, Common Deeds, Executor's and Administrator's Deeds—small size; good and cap common Deeds, &c.

Moyers' Column.

PUBLIC ATTENTION

IS CALLED BY

MOYER BROS,

M

To the fact that they are still pushing the Drug business with all the energy so characteristic of themselves in former times, at their old business stands in

BROWER'S BLOCK,

and at the Corner of Main and Market Streets.

O

Their stock is larger and more varied than can be found in any other establishment short of Philadelphia or New York. All of which is offered in large or small quantities at figures as low if not lower, than same goods can be purchased elsewhere. Call and examine for yourself. The wholesale department under the immediate supervision and control of the firm, comprises

Y

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY, &c. &c.

They keep constantly on hand from five to six different brands of White Lead, among which is

John T. Lewis & Bros., Buck Lead, White Oak, Diamond, Ar

Agricultural.

Care of Horses.

The *London Horse Book* says: All horses must not be fed in the same proportions, without regard to their ages, their constitutions, and their work; because the impropriety of such practice is self-evident. Yet it is constantly done, and is the basis of diseases of every kind.

Never use bad hay on account of its cheapness, because there is no proper nourishment in it.

Damaged corn is exceedingly injurious, it brings on inflammation of the bowel and skin diseases.

Chaff is better for old horses than hay, because they can chew and digest it better.

Mix chaff with corn or beans, and do not give the latter alone, because it makes the horse chew his food more and digest it better.

Hay or grass alone will not support a horse under hard work, because there is not sufficient nutritive body in either.

When a horse is worked hard, its food should chiefly be oats—if not worked hard, its food should chiefly be hay—because oats supply more nourishment and flesh-making material than any other kind of food; hay not so much.

For a saddle or coach horse, half a peck of sound oats and eighteen pounds of good hay are sufficient. If the hay is not good, add a quarter of a peck more oats. A horse which works harder may have rather more of each; one that works little should have less.

Rack feeding is wasteful. The better plan is to feed with chopped hay, from a manger, because the food is not then thrown about, and is more easily chewed and digested.

Sprinkle the hay with water that has salt dissolved in it, because it is pleasing to the animal's taste, and more easily digested. A teaspoonful of salt in a bucket of water is sufficient.

Oats should be bruised for an old horse, but not for a young one, because the former, through age and defective teeth, cannot chew them properly; the young horse can do so, and they are thus properly mixed with the saliva and turned into wholesome nutriment.

KICKING HORSES—HOW TO CURE.—A correspondent says that those horses that are disposed to kick in harness may be cured in one half day's time by pursuing the following course.

Have a yard of thirty to one hundred feet square enclosed with a high and strong fence. Lead the horse in the yard; then put on a regular bitting bridle, buckle back very close, so that he can have little or no play with his head; then take a basket and tie it securely to his tail, and just long enough so that his heels, when kicking, will reach it, but not go into it. Now let him kick, mean time talk to him, but at the same time keep out of his way. Should he throw himself, walk up to him, and taking hold of the basket, lay it upon him and all around his heels. After he has lain a little while, loosen one rein of his bitting bridle, and then the other until he can get up.

If again he tries to kick, buckle the bitting reins again, and so keep him until he is quiet. When he shows no further disposition to kick the basket, take it off and put on the harness; then hook a whiffletree to one tug and lead him around the yard. If he shows no fear of it, hook the other end of it, and let it hit his heels at every step; very soon he will not notice it. Now loosen his buckling lines, and letting him have free play of his head, drive him around. If he shows any disposition to kick, buckle up the hitching rein again, and drive him thus awhile longer; then again uncheck him; and so continue to manage until he exhibits no sign of fear or disposition to kick, no matter what may hit his heels.

There are few horses that may not be cured in half a day's time by pursuing the above course. Horses that are disposed to run away whenever anything hits their heels in harness may also be cured in the same manner.

KEEPING ROADS IN REPAIR.—The best system of mending the highway is that which mends soonest. The old method of working the roads annually by the tax-payers in person has gone out of use in many places. The work was not well done, although the tax-payers had to use the roads they mended. The highways need constant supervision by one man in each town who understands the business, and who can remedy a defect as soon as it makes its apperance. A deep rut is made deeper by every loaded team that passes over the road, and where the system of annual repairs prevails the highways are almost impassable in the early spring. We want the same thorough system of supervision that prevails on our railroads transferred to the highway. This has been adopted in some towns in Massachusetts, and is found to be much better economy, and to give them much better roads. A load of gravel in season applied to the ruts and gullies saves the necessity of two loads applied at the end of the year. Travel on a well-made road does far less injury than the rains and frosts. If the inequalities are immediately remedied, travel rather helps than hinders road-making. Every one prefers the well-beaten track to a new-made road. It is quite possible to distribute the repairs so evenly through the year that the road-bed may be always in good condition. The loss to the farming community from bad roads is enormous. It is one of the heaviest taxes we have to pay. It is laid on every article that goes from the farm to market, and in many cases the tax is so heavy that it swallows all the profits. Good roads lessen the cost of production; they would cheapen the grocer's bill, the miller's bill, and especially the cost of fertilizers, which are the secret of economical farming in the older States. Work the roads today, and save money. —*Ann. Agr.*

The *Rural Messenger* recommends the following treatment for the cabbage fly: Take the water in which salt fish have been soaked over night, and with a brush or broom sprinkle plentifully over the plants. This is all. One liberal application, if it is "fishy" enough, will clear out the fly entirely, so that not a corporal's guard of them will be-reft, and the salt will be stimulating to the plants.

Young Folks.

The Story of a Penny.

A FABLE FROM THE GERMAN.

In the mint, where all our pounds, shillings and pence are made, there once were a gold ducat and a penny just coined. There they lay, shining and clean, close together on a table, and the bright rays of the sun danced and sparkled on them.

Then said the sovereign to the penny: "You jump, get away from me! You are only made of common copper, and are not worthy of the sunlight that shines on you. You will soon be lying all black and dirty on the ground, and no one will take the trouble of picking you up. I am made of costly gold. I shall travel about the world with great lords and princes; I shall do great things and perhaps some day shine in the Emperor's crown."

In the same room there lay by the fire an old gray cat. When he heard this he licked his paws thoughtfully, turned himself around on the other side, and said, "Some things go by the rule of contrary."

And so it proved with the pieces of money. It turned out the very contrary of what the gold ducat expected.

It fell into possession of an old miser, who locked it up in a great chest, where it lay idle and useless with hundreds of others like itself. But when the old miser found that he should not live much longer, he buried all his money in the ground, that no one might get it, and there lies the proud ducat to this day, dirty and black, and no one will ever find it.

But the penny traveled far about in the world, and it came to high honor. And this is how it happened.

First, one of the poor boys at the mint received it in his wages. He took it home, and as his little sister was delighted with the clean, shining penny, he gave it to her.

The child ran out into the garden to show it to her mother, and saw a poor lame beggar passing by, who begged for a piece of bread.

"I have not got any," said the child.

"Then give me a penny to buy some," said the beggar, and the child gave him her new penny.

The beggar then slipped off to the baker's. Just as he came to the shop an old friend of his passed by, dressed as a pilgrim, with mantle, staff and scrip. He gave to some children who were standing around the baker's door, pictures of good and holy men, and the children in return put some money in the little box he had in his hand. The beggar asked: "Where are you traveling to?"

The pilgrim answered: "Many hundred miles away to the city of Jerusalem, where the Holy Christ dwelt and died. I wish to offer up my prayers at his grave, and redeem my brother, who is a prisoner in the hands of the Turks; it is for this purpose that I beg for money."

"Then take a mite toward it from me," said the beggar, and he gave his money to the pilgrim, and would have gone away as hungry as he came, had not the baker, who saw all that had passed, given him the loaf which he wished to buy.

And now the pilgrim wandered through many lands, and went in a ship far over the sea to the holy city of Jerusalem. When he arrived there he first offered up his prayers at the sepulchre of the Holy Christ, and then went to the Turkish Sultan who kept his brother a prisoner. He offered the Turk a large sum of money if he would set his brother free. But the Sultan wanted more.

The pilgrim said: "I have nothing more to offer you but this copper penny, which was given to me by a poor hungry beggar, out of compassion. May you also have pity as he had, and this copper penny will secure you a reward."

Then the Sultan took compassion on him, and set his brother free, and he received the penny from the pilgrim.

The Sultan put the copper penny in his pocket, and after a little while forgot all about it. Now it happened that after a time the Emperor of Germany came to Jerusalem to fight against the Sultan. So the Sultan fought bravely at the head of his army and was never wounded; but one day an arrow was aimed at his right breast, it struck him, indeed, but glanced off from his clothes without wounding him.

The Sultan was very much surprised, and when his clothes were examined after the battle, the penny was found in his pocket, and this had caused the arrow to glance off. So the Sultan prized the penny very much, and had it fastened with a golden chain to the hilt of his curved sword. Some time afterward the Sultan was made prisoner by the Emperor, and had to yield up his sword to his conqueror. So the penny came into the possession of the Emperor.

One day when the Emperor was sitting at the table, and was just in the act of raising his goblet to his lips, the Empress said she was anxious to see the curved Turkish sword. So it was brought in, and as the Emperor was showing it to the Empress the penny became unfastened and fell into the goblet of wine.

The Emperor saw it; and before drinking the wine he took out the penny. But when he looked at it he perceived that the penny had turned quite green. This showed everybody that there was poison in the goblet. A wicked servant girl had mixed the poison, hoping to kill the Emperor. The servant was ordered to execution, but the penny was set in the Emperor's crown. So this penny made a child happy, gave bread to a beggar, delivered a prisoner, saved a Sultan from being wounded, and preserved the life of an Emperor. It deserved to be set in an Emperor's crown. Perhaps it is there to this day, if we could only see the crown.—*Children's Hour.*

WILLIE had an Uncle Charles who was a minister, and whom he saw for the first time while on a visit to him. Willie was an observing little fellow of three years. The first time they met at the table, Uncle Charles bowed his head over the plate and asked a blessing. This was a new service to Willie, who could hardly restrain himself, but spent the time in examining his plate. Just as his uncle concluded, he turned it over and observing the stamp of the maker on the bottom, called out, "There's more on the other side, Uncle Charles, say that."

Miscellaneous.

BOOTS & SHOES.

AT

E. M. KNORR'S

SPRING STYLES,

THE LATEST AND BEST.

Every variety for Men, Women and Children.

OLD STOCK

Selling at Cost to close out to make room for

NEW GOODS.

Bargains! Bargains!

CALL AND SEE.

A. J. EVANS.

READY MADE

AND

CUSTOM MADE

CLOTHING.

HE HAS THE

FINEST GOODS, LATEST STYLES

AND EMPLOYS THE

BEST WORKMEN.

For good fits and promptness in filling orders there is the place to go.

His goods are selected with care and his Custom Work will compare favorably with the best efforts of the fashionable city Dealer.

HE KEEPS A LARGE STOCK OF

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

AND

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

At Astonishingly Low Prices,
Bloomsburg, Sept. 29, 1871-tf

JOHN G. JACOBY'S

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY!

BERWICK, PENN A.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the Citizens of Berwick, and vicinity, that he has opened a Confectionery and Bakery in

ODD FELLOWS' HALL,

Berwick, Pa., where he is prepared to furnish all kinds of
PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES,
FRENCH CANDIES,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS
ORANGES, LEMONS, RAISINS
&c., &c., &c., &c.

BY WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Among the assortment will be found Cream Nuts, English Walnuts, Peanuts, Almonds, Filberts, Figs, Apples, Cocoa Nuts, Jellies of different kinds, Mustard, Catsup, Pickles, Chocolate, Canned Fruit of all kinds, Corn Starch, Egg Biscuit, Soda Crackers, Oyster Crackers, Cheese, Soap, Writing Paper, Agreement Papers, Envelopes,

FISH AND OYSTERS,

And produce of all kinds. Fresh Bread an Cakes every day. Ice Cream in Season, Your patronage is solicited.

JOHN G. JACOBY.

Berwick, Jan 1'71—tf

CONNELL & BATTIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

BUILDERS' AND CARRIAGE

HARDWARE,

IRON, STEEL AND NAILS,

Rims, Hubs and Spokes, Springs,

AXLES, and PIPE BOXES,
HORSE SHOES, and
HORSE SHOE NAILS,
CEMENT, PLASTER and SAND,
GLASS, PAINTS, PUTTY,
OILS and TURPENTINE,
Manufacturers of
TIN WARE.
Agents for
Fairbank's Scales!

PLUMBING,
STEAM and
GAS FITTING,

Orders by mail solicited, and promptly filled.

118 Penn Avenue,

SCRANTON, PA.

apr. 4, 1872-tf.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be proposed to the people for their adoption or rejection, pursuant to the provisions of the tenth article thereof, to wit:

AMENDMENT:

Strike out the sixth section of the article of the Constitution, and insert in lieu thereof the following: "A State Treasurer shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at such times and for such term of service as shall be prescribed by law."

WILLIAM ELLIOTT,
Speakers of the House of Representatives.
JAMES S. RITTAN,
Speaker of the Senate.

APPROVED—The twenty-second day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two,

JNO. W. GEARY.

Prepared and certified for publication pursuant to the Tenth Article of the Constitution.

FRANCIS JORDAN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

OFFICE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH,
HARRISBURG, June 26th, 1872.

July 5th, 1872. 3m.

Miscellaneous.

MILLER'S STORE.

S. H. MILLER & SON,

have removed their Store to the room formerly occupied by Mendenhall, on Main street, Bloomsburg, nearly opposite the Episcopal Church where they are determined to sell on as moderate terms as can be procured else where. Thier stock comprises

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

of the choicest styles and latest fashions, together with a large assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, consisting of the following articles

Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Shawls,
Flannels,
Silks,
White Goods
Linens,
Hoop Skirts,
Muslins,
Hollowware
Cedarware
Hardware
Queensware,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps
Hoop Nets,
Umbrellas,
Looking-Glasses,
Tobacco,
Coffee,
Sugars,
Teas,
Rice,
Allspice,
Ginger,
Cinnamon,
Nutmegs

AND NOTIONS GENERALLY.

In short, everything usually kept in country stores, to which they invite the attention of the public generally. The highest price will be paid for country produce in exchange for goods.

S. H. MILLER & SON,
Bloomsburg Pa.

oct 31'71—tf

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.

Fresh arrival of

SPRING GOODS

DAVID LOWENBERG

invites attention to his stock of

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.

at his store on

Main Street, in the new block,

Bloomsburg, Pa.,

where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of

MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

including the most fashionable, durable, and handsome

DRESS GOODS,

consisting of

BOX, SACK, ROCC, GUM, AND OIL-CLOTH COATS AND PANTS.

of all sorts, sizes and colors. He has also replenished his already large stock of

CLOTH AND CASSIMERES,

STRIPED, FIGURED, AND PLAIN VESTS
SHIRTS, CRAVATS, STOCKS, COLLARS
HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS, AND FANCY ARTICLES

He has constantly on hand a large and well-selected assortment of

CLOTHS AND VESTINGS,

which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear, and most of it is of home manufactnre,

GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

of every description, fine and cheap. His case of jewelry is not surpassed in this place. Call and examine his general assortment of

CLOTHING, WATCHES JEWELRY, &C.

oct13'71 DAVID LOWENBERG.

R. R. R.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

CURES THE WORST PAINS

In from One to Twenty Minutes.

NOT ONE HOUR

after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.

It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.

IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES

No matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

WILL AFFORD INSTANT EASE.

INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS,
INFLAMMATION OF THE BLADDER.
INFLAMMATION OF THE BOWELS,
CONGESTION OF THE LUNGS.
SORE THROAT, DIFFICULT BREATHING,
PALPITATION OF THE HEART.
HYSTERICS, CROUP, DIPHTHERIA,
CATARRH, INFLUENZA.
HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE,
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM.
COLD CHILLS, AGUE CHILLS.

The application of the Ready Relief to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure CRAMPS, SOUR STOMACH, HEARTBURN, SICK HEADACHE, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, COLIC, WIND IN THE BOWELS, and all INTERNAL PAINS.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

FEVER AND AGUE cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists.

HEALTH! BEAUTY!!

STRONG AND PURE RICH BLOOD—INCREASE OF FLESH AND WEIGHT—CLEAR SKIN AND BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION SECURED TO ALL.

DR. RADWAY'S

SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT

HAS MADE THE MOST ASTONISHING CURES; SO QUICK, SO RAPID ARE THE CHANGES THE BODY UNDERGOES, UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF THIS TRULY WONDERFUL MEDICINE, THAT

Every day an Increase in Flesh and Weight is Seen and Felt.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates the vitalizing principle, the fluids and other fluids and juices of the system the vigor of life, for it repairs the waste of the body with new and natural materials. Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular disease, Ulcers in the Throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumous Discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Erysipelas, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb, and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm and all waste of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

If the patient, from neglect or bad management, is reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continually progressing, succeeds in arresting these wastes, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood, and this the SARSAPARILLIAN will and does secure.

Not only does the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT excel all known remedial agents in the cure of the various unfortunate Constitutional and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for

Kidney & Bladder Complaints,

Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Diseases Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brickdust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, or there is a morbid, dark, or bloody appearance, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of the Back and along the Loins, &c., &c.

WORMS.—The only known and sure Remedy for Worms—Pin, Tape, etc.

Tumor of 12 Years' Growth Cured by Radway's Resolvent.

BEVERLY, MASS., July 16, 1868.

DR. RADWAY:—I have had Ovarian Tumor in the ovaries and bowels. All the Doctors said "there was no help for it." I tried every thing that was recommended; but nothing helped me. I saw your Resolvent, and thought I would try it; but had no faith in it, because I had suffered for twelve years. I took six bottles of the Resolvent, and one box of Radway's Pills, and two bottles of your Ready Relief; and there is not a sign of tumor to be seen or felt, and I feel better, smarter, and happier than I have for twelve years. The tumor must was in the left side of the bowels, over the groin. I write this to you for the benefit of others. You can publish if you choose.

HANNAH F. KNAPP.

DR. RADWAY'S

PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS,

perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of the Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust of Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs, and sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh.

A few doses in RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system from all of the above named disorders. Price, 25 cents per box. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

READ "FALSE AND TRUE." Send one letter stamp to RADWAY & CO. No. 87 Maiden Lane, New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.

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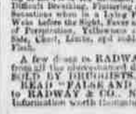

PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN.

CAPS, CAPES & TORCHES.

Send for ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR and PRICE LIST.

CUNNINGHAM & HILL,
MANUFACTURERS,
No. 204 Church Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
June 24, 1872-1mos.

BLANK DEEDS.

We now have the finest assortment of BLANK DEEDS on hand and for sale that were ever kept in Bloomsburg. Large size on best parchment paper, Common Deeds, Executor's and Administrator's Deeds—small size 5 good and cap common Deeds, &c.

REMOVAL!!

I. W. NILES',

MUSIC WAREROOMS

have been removed to the

NEW BRICK BUILDING

OPPOSITE the EPISCOPAL CHURCH, MAIN St.

Where we will keep a general assortment of

THE LATEST SHEET MUSIC,

PIANOS, ORGANS, VIOLINS,

and all KINDS OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

Also MUSIC BOOKS for all INSTRUMENTS.

PIANO AND ORGAN STOOLS ALL STYLES

AND PRICES.

THE SHOEMAKER PIANO

is the cheapest First Class Piano in the market.

Having secured the Agency of the

GEO. WOODS' RENOWNED ORGANS, for Columbia County, together with the

CELEBRATED TEMPLE ANGELIC,

furnishes advantages to purchasers not found elsewhere.

STATIONARY OF ALL KINDS.

A full assortment of

SQUARE AND OVAL FRAMEES,

all styles and prices consigutly on hadd.

STEEL EGRAVINGS, CHROMOS & COLORED PRINTS, STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS.

Call and examine. mch872-6m.

The Race of Time Keepers.

M. B. ALLEBACH

DEALER IN

WATCHES and JEWELRY

DANVILLE Pa.

SILVER AND PLATED WARE, FRENCH CLOCKS, SWISS AND AMERICAN STEM WATCHES.

THE RENOWNED ELGIN WATCHES.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FINE JEWELRY, DIAMONDS &c.

Repairing promptly attended to.

tf

ANNOUNCEMENT!

THE BLOOMSBURG LITERARY INSTITUTE

AND

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

will open under the entire control of the

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

They have selected as Principal of the Institution

REV. JOHN HEWITT,

a gentleman whose qualifications have been fully tested and proved in other educational enterprises of a like nature; and they ask and have a right to demand for him and the Institution, the confidence and support of our own citizens, and of the friends of the enterprise and of education everywhere. In point of comfort, convenience and beauty of buildings and surroundings, no school in the State surpasses this; and we determined it shall not be second in the kind, quality and thoroughness of its discipline and culture.

The fall and winter session of twelve weeks will begin

MONDAY, AUGUST 26TH,

and close

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 20TH.

EXPENSES:

Tuition and Boarding, including washing and heat, per week, $5.00.

ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT.

Tuition for day pupils, one dollar per week. In the model school, sixty cents per week. In the primary, forty cents per week. Music, Drawing, Painting, &c., extra charge.

Bills are payable, and must be paid promptly, one-half at the beginning and the other half at the middle of the session.

J. G. FREEZE, Secretary. L. B. RUPERT, President.

AGENTS Wanted for BELDEN, The White Chief!

Twelve Years among the Wild Indians of the Plains.

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Miscellaneous.

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—:o:—

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Has just returned from New York with a full line of

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS,

LYONS' SILK POPLINS,

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Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets

SIZE OF PELLETS.

Or Sugar-Coated, Concentrated, Root and Herbal Juice, Anti-Bilious Granules. THE "LITTLE GIANT" CATHARTIC, or Multum in Parvo Physic.

The novelty of modern Medical, Chemical and Pharmaceutical Science. No use of any longer taking the large, repulsive and nauseous pills, composed of clumsy, crude, and bulky ingredients, when we can by a careful application of chemical science, extract all the cathartic and other medicinal properties from the most valuable roots and herbs, and concentrate them into a minute pellet, scarcely larger than a mustard seed, that can be readily swallowed by those of the most sensitive stomachs and fastidious tastes. Each little Purgative Pellet represents, in a more concentrated form, as much cathartic power as is embodied in any of the large pills found for sale in the drug shops. From their wonderful cathartic power, in proportion to their size, people who have not tried them do not realize that they are harsh or drastic in effect, but such is not at all the case, the different active medicinal principles of which they are composed being so harmonized and modified, one by the others, as to produce a most searching and thorough, yet gently and kindly operating cathartic.

$500 Reward is hereby offered by the proprietor of these Pellets, to any chemist who, upon analysis, will find in them any Calomel or other forms of mercury or any other mineral poison.

Being entirely vegetable, no particular care is required while using them. They operate without disturbance to the constitution, diet, or occupation. For Jaundice, Headache, Constipation, Impure Blood, Pain in the Shoulders, Rightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in mouth, Bilious Attacks, Pain in region of Kidneys, Internal Fever, Bloated feeling about Stomach, Rush of Blood to Head, High Colored Urine, Unsociability and Gloomy Forebodings, take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. In explanation of the remedial power of my Purgative Pellets over so great a variety of diseases, I wish to say that their action upon the Gastric Glandular economy is universal, not a gland or tissue escaping their sanative impress. Age does not impair them; their sugar coating and being enclosed in glass bottles preserve their virtues unimpaired for any length of time. In any climate, so that they are always fresh and reliable, which is not the case with the pills found in the drug stores, put up in cheap wood or paste-board boxes. Recollect that for all diseases where a Laxative, Alterative or Purgative is indicated, these little Pellets will give the most perfect satisfaction in all who use them.

They are sold by all enterprising Druggists at 25 cents a bottle.

Do not allow any druggist to induce you to take anything else that he may say is just as good as my Pellets because it makes a larger profit on that which he recommends. If your druggist cannot supply them, enclose 25 cents and receive them by return mail from

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VEGETABLE FREE FROM ALCOHOL

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EUREKA

VINEGAR BITTERS

Vinegar Bitters are not a vile Fancy Drink, made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced, and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the native roots and herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the Great Blood Purifier and a Life-giving Principle, a Perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter, and restoring the blood to a healthy condition, enriching it, refreshing and invigorating both mind and body. They are easy of administration, prompt in their action, certain in their results, safe and reliable in all forms of disease.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion. Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. In these complaints it has no equal, and one bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that a marked improvement is soon perceptible.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing also the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, and in Bilious Diseases.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worm, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

Grateful thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. Says a distinguished physiologist: There is scarcely an individual upon the face of the earth whose body is exempt from the presence of worms. It is not upon the healthy elements of the body that worms exist, but upon the diseased humors and slimy deposits that breed these living monsters of disease. No system of Medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics, will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

Mechanical Diseases. Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, will be subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS once or twice a week, as a Preventive.

Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. There are always more or less obstructions of the liver, a weakness and irritable state of the stomach, and great torpor of the bowels, being clogged up with vitiated accumulations. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to Dr. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc., etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

Dr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters act on all these causes in a similar manner. By purifying the Blood they remove the cause, and by receiving away the effects of the inflammation (the tubercular deposits) the shattered parts recover health, and a permanent cure is effected.

The properties of Dr. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic and Carminative, Nutritive, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sedative, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

The Aperient and mild Laxative properties of Dr. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are the best agent in all cases of sumptions and malignant fevers, their balsamic, healing and soothing properties protect the humors of the blood. Their Sedative properties allay pain in the nervous system, stomach, and bowels, either from inflammation, wind, colic, cramps, etc. Their Counter-Irritant influences extend throughout the system. Their Anti-Bilious properties act on the biliary organs, correcting and regulating the flow of urine. Their Anti-Bilious properties stimulate the liver, in the secretion of bile, and its discharges through the biliary ducts, and are supposed to be a specific agents for the cure of Bilious Fever, Fever and Ague, etc.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fortified. The liver, the stomach, the bowels, the kidneys, and the nerves are renders full strength for this great investment.

For Kidney Complaints, Walker's Vinegar Bitters, in Chronic Dyspepsia, Fevers, Nervous Disorders, Constipation, deficiency of vital power, and all maladies affecting the stomach, liver, bowels, pulmonary organs, or muscular system, they have proved to be a blessing to thousands, and have cured thousands more are asking for the same relief.

Directions. A wine-glass full of the Bitters on going to bed at night forms a dose to open the bowels and stimulate the liver. Eat good nourishing food, such as beefsteak, mutton chop, venison, roast fowls and vegetables, and take out-door exercise. The Bitters are composed of purely vegetable ingredients, and cont